

PGIM India Mutual Fund

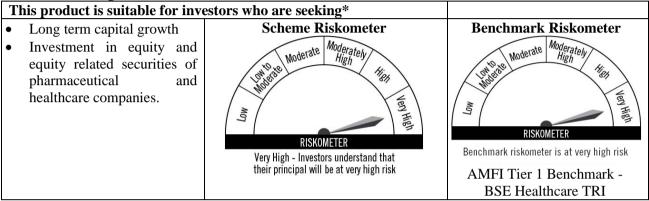
SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

SECTION - I

PGIM INDIA HEALTHCARE FUND

(An open ended equity scheme investing in healthcare and pharmaceutical sector.)

Product labeling for the scheme is as follows:



^{*}Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them

The above product labeling assigned during the New Fund Offer (NFO) is based on internal assessment of the scheme characteristics or model portfolio and the same may vary post NFO when actual investments are made.

Offer for Units of Rs. 10/- each for cash during the New Fund Offer Period and Continuous offer for Units at NAV based prices

New Fund Offer Opens on: November 19, 2024

New Fund Offer Closes on: December 03, 2024

Scheme Re-opens on: December 11, 2024

Name of Mutual Fund : PGIM INDIA MUTUAL FUND

Name of Asset Management Company: PGIM India Asset Management Private

Limited

Name of Trustee Company : PGIM India Trustees Private Limited

Address of the entities : 4th Floor, C Wing, Laxmi Towers, Bandra

Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai – 400

051

Tel. +91-22-61593000 Fax +91-22-61593100

Website : www.pgimindiamf.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI



(MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the Scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of PGIM India Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.pgimindiamf.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website, www.pgimindiamf.com.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated October 11, 2024.



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Part I. HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description		
I.	Name of the Scheme	PGIM India Healthcare Fund		
II.	Category of the Scheme	Sectoral Fund		
III.	Scheme Type	An open ended equity scheme investing in healthcare and pharmaceutical sector.		
IV.	Scheme Code	PGIM/O/E/SEC/24/07/0029		
V.	Investment objective	The primary investment objective of the scheme is to seek to generate consistent returns by predominantly investing in equity and equity related securities of pharmaceutical and healthcare companies.		
		However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved. The Scheme does not guarantee/indicate any returns.		
VI.	Liquidity / listing details	The Scheme offers Units for Subscription/switch in and Redemption/switch out at NAV based prices on all Business Days or an ongoing basis, commencing not later than 5 business days from the date of allotment.		
		The AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within 3 business days from date of receipt of valid redemption request from the Unit holder.		
		In case of exceptional circumstances as prescribed under paragraph 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds and amended from time to time, redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be transferred / dispatched to Unitholders within the time frame prescribed for such exceptional circumstances.		
		Currently the Units of the Scheme are not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange.		
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	BSE Healthcare TRI		
		As required under clause 1.9 of Master Circular , the benchmark has been selected from amongst those notified by AMFI as the first tier benchmark to be adopted by mutual funds and which are reflective of the category of the scheme.		
		The BSE Healthcare is designed to provide investors with a benchmark reflecting companies included in the BSE All Cap that are classified as members of the healthcare sector. The Scheme aims to invest in companies that would benefit directly or indirectly in Healthcare and allied sectors in India which would typically primarily comprise Pharma and Healthcare companies. BSE Healthcare index has		



	INDIA MUTUAI FUND
	adequate representation of the same and would be the most apt benchmark for the scheme.
NAV Disclosure	The AMC will calculate and disclose the first NAV not later than 5 business days from the date of allotment. Subsequently the AMC will calculate and update the NAV of the Scheme on all the Business Days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India – AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) before 11.00 p.m. on every Business Day. For further details, please refer Section II.
Applicable	Dispatch of redemption proceeds:
Timelines	The AMC shall dispatch the redemption proceeds within 3 business days from date of receipt of valid redemption request from the Unit holder.
	Dispatch of IDCW:
	The IDCW proceeds shall be remitted to the Unitholder within 7 business days from the record date.
Plans & Options	The Scheme shall offer two plans viz. Regular Plan and Direct Plan.
Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme	Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in the Scheme directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor and is offered in accordance with paragraph 2.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
	Each Plan has two Options, viz., Growth Option and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal (IDCW) Option. IDCW Option has the following two facilities:
	i. Payout of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal facility (IDCW-Payout); ii. Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal facility (IDCW- Reinvestment).
	Default Option/facility:
	The investor must clearly specify his/her choice of Option/facility in the application form, in the absence of which, the Default Option/facility would be applicable and the application will be processed accordingly:
	Default Option: Growth Option (if the investor has not indicated choice between 'Growth' or 'IDCW Option).
	Default facility Under IDCW Option: IDCW Reinvestment
	All plans/options under the Scheme shall have common portfolio.
	Applicable Timelines Plans & Options Plans/Options and sub options under



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		 Kindly refer SAI for detailed disclosure on: Default plans and options; Treatment of purchase/switch/ Systematic Investment Plans (SIPs)/ Systematic Transfer Plans (STPs) transactions received through distributors who are suspended temporarily or terminated permanently by AMFI. Treatment of applications under "Direct" / "Regular" Plans; Other updates
XI.	Load structure	Exit Load :-
		For each purchase of units through Lumpsum / switch-in / Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) and Systematic Transfer Plan (STP), exit load will be as follows:
		 For Exits within 90 days from date of allotment of units: 0.50%. For Exits beyond 90 days from date of allotment of units: NIL
		The entire exit load (net of Goods and Services tax), charged, if any, shall be credited to the Scheme.
XII.	Minimum	• During NFO: Offer for Units of Rs. 10/- each for cash
	Application amount / switch in	On continuous basis: Offer for Units of Rs. 10/- Per Unit at NAV based prices
		• Initial Purchase/Switch-In - Minimum of Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase amount	Additional Purchase - Minimum of Rs.1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/-thereafter.
XIV.	Minimum Redemption / switch out amount	Redemption / Switch out – Minimum amount of Rs. 1000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter or account balance whichever is lower.
XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period	NFO opens on: November 19, 2024 NFO closes on: December 03, 2024
	during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to close the NFO of the Scheme before the above mentioned date. In line with the SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-RAC-2/P/CIR/2023/60 dated April 25, 2023, the New Fund Offer of the Scheme shall be kept open for subscription for a minimum period of 3 working days. The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to extend the closing date of the New Fund Offer Period, subject to the condition that the New Fund Offer shall not be kept open for more than 15 days. Any such changes shall be announced by way of a newspaper advertisement in one vernacular daily of Mumbai and one English national daily.
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price This is the price per unit that the investors have	The New Fund Offer price will be Rs. 10 /- per unit.



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	to pay to invest during the NFO	
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	The AMC has a written down policy on Creation of segregated portfolio which is approved by the Trustees. Creation of Segregated Portfolio shall be subject to guidelines specified by SEBI from time to time. Creation of Segregated portfolio is optional and is at the discretion of
		the AMC. For details, kindly refer SAI.
XVIII.	CVIII. Swing pricing disclosure Not Applicable, as scheme is an Equity Oriented Scheme.	
XIX.	Stock lending/short	The Scheme has enabling provision for stock lending / short selling.
	selling	For details on stock lending and short selling, kindly refer SAI.
XX.	How to Apply and other details	Investor can obtain application form / Key Information Memorandum (KIM) from AMC branch offices, Investor services centers and RTA's (Kfin) branch office. Investors can also download application form / Key Information Memorandum (KIM) from our website (www.pgimindiamf.com). The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of
		Acceptance (OPAs) of the Mutual Fund is available on the website of the AMC. i.e. www.pgimindiamf.com
		Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.
		For further details, please refer Section II.
XXI.	Investor services	Investors may make any service request or complaints or enquiries by calling the AMC's Investor Helpline "1800 266 7446", "1800 209 7446" (toll-free) or send an e-mail to care@pgimindia.co.in
		The customer service representatives may require personal information of the customer for verification of the customer's identity in order to protect confidentiality of information. The AMC will at all times endeavour to handle transactions efficiently and to resolve any grievances promptly. For any queries / complaints / feedbacks investors may contact:
		Mr. Ranjit Venugopal, PGIM India Mutual Fund
		Investor Relations Officer
		1 D, First Floor, Century Plaza No. 560/561 - Anna Salai, Teynampet
		Chennai – 600018. Tel: +91-44-40745800.
XXII.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such	Not Applicable



	as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close	
	ended schemes) (as	
	applicable)	
XXIII.	Special	The Special Products / Facilities available during NFO and on an
	product/facility	ongoing basis are as follows:
	available during	
	the NFO and on	i. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)
	ongoing basis	ii. Top-up facility under Systematic Investment Plan
		iii. Systematic Investment Plan ('SIP') Pause Facility
		iv. Systematic Transfer Plan (STP)
		v. Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)
		vi. Facility to transact in the Scheme through MF Utility Portal
		vii. Facility to Purchase/Redeem Units of the Scheme(s) through Stock Exchange(s)
		viii. Application / Request Through Fax / Online Transactions
		ix. Auto Switch Option facility available only during NFO period
		For further details of above special products / facilities, kindly
		refer SAI.
		10101 5111
XXIV	Weblink	This is a new Scheme and hence the same is not applicable
		FF-104000



DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time;
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme and also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with;
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the scheme;
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that PGIM India Healthcare Fund approved by them is a new product offered by PGIM India Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Place: Mumbai Name : Sandeep Kamath



Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

The asset allocation in the Scheme under normal circumstances will be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative allocations (% of total assets)	
	Minimum	Maximum
Equity and equity related securities of pharmaceutical and healthcare companies	80%	100%
Equity and Equity related securities of other Companies	0%	20%
Debt and Money Market Securities (including TREPS (Tri-Party Repo), Reverse Repo)	0%	20%
Units issued by REITs & InvITs	0%	10%
Foreign securities including overseas ETFs	0%	20%

<u>Indicative Table:</u> (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sr. No.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references
1.	Derivatives for hedging purpose	The maximum exposure to derivatives shall not exceed 50% of the net asset of the scheme.	Paragraph 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
2.	Securitized Debt	Investment in securitized debt shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.	U 1
3.	Debt Instruments with special features AT1 and AT2 Bonds	The Scheme doesn't intend to invest in debt instruments including Tier 1 bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Base III framework with special features viz. subordination to equity (absorbs losses before equity capital) and /or convertible to equity upon trigger of a prespecified event for loss absorption.	Paragraph 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
4.	Debt Instruments with SO / CE	The scheme may invest in debt instruments having structured obligations / credit enhancements.	Master Circular for Mutual



	1		India Mutuai Fund
		Such investment shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme.	
		(group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the scheme.)	
5.	Stock lending and Borrowing	The Scheme may also engage in securities lending.	Paragraph 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
		Shall not exceed 20% of its net assets in securities lending	
		Shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the Scheme shall be deployed in securities lending to any single counterparty.	
6.	Overseas Investments	Investments in Overseas securities will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme.	Paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
7.	ReITs and InVITs	The scheme may invest upto 10% of the net assets in units of REITs and INVITs and not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme will be invested in REITs and INVITs of any single issuer.	Paragraph 12.21 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
8.	Tri – Party Repos	The scheme may invest upto 20% in tri – party repo transactions.	-
9.	Other/own mutual funds	The scheme may invest in the units of Mutual Fund Schemes.	Clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
		Such investment shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Fund.	
10.	Repo/ reverse repo transactions in corporate debt securities	The scheme may participate in corporate bond repo transactions. Such investment shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.	Paragraph 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
11.	Credit Default Swaps transactions	The scheme will not participate in Credit Default Swaps	_



12.	Short selling of securities	The Scheme may engage in short selling of securities.	Paragraph 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
13.	Investment in triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills before the closure of NFO.	Yes in accordance with SEBI guidelines.	Paragraph 1.10.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.

In terms of paragraph 12.24 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, money market instruments and derivative positions, repo transactions in corporate debt securities and other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the Board from time to time shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

Pending deployment of funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the Scheme the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the guidelines prescribed under paragraph 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds , as amended from time to time. The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:-

- a. "Short Term" for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
- b. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
- c. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with the approval of the Trustee.
- d. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- e. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- f. The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank which has invested in the said Scheme. Further Trustees/AMC shall also ensure that a bank in which scheme has short term deposit does not invest in the Scheme until the Scheme has short term deposits with such bank.
- g. AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

Overseas Investments by the Scheme:

According to paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, mutual funds can invest in certain permissible foreign securities.

As per paragraph 12.19.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds , overseas investments are subject to an overall limit of US\$ 7 billion for all mutual funds put together. The Mutual Funds have been allowed an individual limit of US\$ 1 billion for overseas investments. The Scheme may, with the approval of SEBI/ RBI invest in foreign securities as specified by SEBI. The overall ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is US\$ 1 billion subject to a maximum of US\$ 300 million per mutual fund.



The Scheme intends to invest upto USD 5 million in overseas securities, subject to maximum limits as specified in per paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds . The said limit shall be valid for a period of six months from the date of closure of NFO. Thereafter the unutilized limit, if any, will not be available to the Scheme for investment in overseas securities and will be available towards the unutilized industry wide limits. Further investments in overseas securities will follow the norms for ongoing schemes. On an ongoing basis, the AMC is allowed to invest in overseas securities upto 20% of the average Asset Under Management ('AUM') in overseas securities of the previous three calendar months subject to maximum limit of USD 1 billion per Mutual Fund.

The above limits shall be considered as soft limits for the purpose of reporting only by Mutual Funds on monthly basis as per paragraph 12.19.1.3(d) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds .

The Mutual Fund may, where necessary will appoint intermediaries as sub-managers, sub-custodians, etc. for managing and administering such investments. The appointment of such intermediaries shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of SEBI and within the permissible ceilings of expenses.

Portfolio Rebalancing

In accordance with paragraph 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, in case of deviation from the mandated asset allocation due to passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of AMCs), the portfolio would be rebalanced within 30 business days from the date of deviation. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 business days, justification for the same shall be placed before the Investment Committee and reasons for the same shall be recorded in writing. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. However, at all times, the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objective of the scheme.

In case the portfolio of schemes is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines, AMCs shall:

i. not be permitted to launch any new scheme till the time the portfolio is rebalanced.

ii. not to levy exit load, if any, on the investors exiting such scheme(s)

Short term defensive consideration:

Due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out in the asset allocation. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term and defensive considerations in line with paragraph 1.14.1.2(b) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds and the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio within 30 calendar days from the date of deviation.

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Subject to the Regulations and other prevailing laws as applicable, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:

- 1) Indian Equity and equity related securities including convertible bonds and debentures and warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares.
- 2) Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and/or repos/reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- 3) Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- 4) Repos of Corporate debt securities.
- 5) Debt securities issued by domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee.



- 6) Corporate debt securities (of both public and private sector undertakings)
- 7) Securities issued by banks (both public and private sector) as permitted by SEBI from time to time and development financial institutions
- 8) Money market instruments permitted by RBI/SEBI, having maturities of up to one year, or in alternative investment for the call money market.
- 9) Certificate of Deposits (CDs)
- 10) Tri -Party Repo (TREPS)
- 11) Commercial Paper (CPs)
- 12) The non-convertible part of convertible securities
- 13) Securitised Debt, Debt instruments having structured obligations / credit enhancements
- 14) Investment in units of Real Estate Investment Trust ('REIT') & Infrastructure Investment Trust ('InvIT')
- 15) Derivative instruments like, Stock / Index Futures, Stock / Index Options and such other derivative instruments permitted by SEBI.
- 16) Cash & cash equivalents
- 17) Foreign securities as defined under Paragraph 12.19 of SEBI master circular. The Investment in Foreign Securities shall be in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time.
- 18) Schemes managed by the AMC or the schemes launched by SEBI registered Mutual Funds, provided it is in conformity to the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing Regulations.
- 19) Any other instruments, as may be permitted by RBI / SEBI / such other Regulatory Authority, from time to time, subject to Regulatory approvals.

The securities mentioned above could be listed or permitted unlisted, privately placed, secured or unsecured, rated or un-rated and of any maturity, as enabled under SEBI Regulations/ circulars/ RBI. The securities may be acquired from primary market/ Initial Public Offer (IPO), secondary market operations, private placement or negotiated deals.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The Scheme will be predominantly invested in equity and equity related securities of healthcare and pharmaceutical companies. The aim of the Scheme is to seek long-term capital appreciation from an actively managed portfolio.

The fund may consider investing in various sectors within the healthcare industry, including healthcare services and healthcare manufacturing. Healthcare services include, but are not limited to, pharmacy, diagnostics, hospitals and health insurance. Healthcare manufacturing encompasses CRAMS (Contract Research and Manufacturing Services), medical devices, specialty chemicals, formulations and API (Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient), among others.

The portfolio will be built utilizing a combination of top-down and bottom-up portfolio construction process, focusing on the fundamentals of each stock, including quality of management.

The Scheme may also invest a certain portion of its corpus in debt and money market securities. Investment in debt securities will be guided by credit quality, liquidity, interest rates and their outlook. The Scheme may invest in other scheme(s) managed by the AMC or in the scheme(s) of any other mutual fund, provided it is in conformity with the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing Regulations

Derivatives

The Scheme may invest in various derivative instruments which are permissible under the applicable regulations. Such investments shall be subject to the investment objective and strategy of the Scheme and the internal limits if any, as laid down from time to time. These include but are not limited to futures



(both stock and index) and options (stock and index). Derivatives are financial contracts of predetermined fixed duration, whose values are derived from the value of an underlying primary financial instrument such as interest rates, exchange rates, commodities and equities. There are several advantages in using derivatives in the portfolio. The use of derivatives provides flexibility to the Scheme to hedge whole or part of the portfolio.

The risks associated with derivatives are similar to those associated with underlying investments. The additional risks of using derivative strategies could be on account of:

- Illiquidity;
- Potential mispricing of the Futures/Options;
- Lack of opportunity;
- Inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with the underlying (Indices, Assets, Exchange Rates);
- Cost of hedge can be higher than adverse impact of market movements;
- An exposure to derivatives in excess of the hedging requirements can lead to losses;
- An exposure to derivatives can also limit the profits from a genuine investment transaction.
- The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

For detailed risks associated with use of derivatives, please refer paragraph "Scheme Specific Risk Factors"

For further details regarding concepts and examples of derivatives that may be used by the fund manager, please refer to SAI.

Securitisation

Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. A typical process of asset securitisation involves sale of specific Receivables to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) set up in the form of a trust or a company. The SPV in turn issues financial instruments (e.g., promissory notes, pass through certificates or other debt instruments) to investors, such instruments evidencing the beneficial ownership of the investors in the Receivables. The financial instruments are rated by an independent credit rating agency. An Investor's Agent is normally appointed for providing trusteeship services for the transaction.

On the recommendation of the credit rating agency, additional credit support (Credit Enhancement) may be provided in order that the instrument may receive the desired level of rating. Typically the servicing of the Receivables is continued by the seller in the capacity of the Servicer. Cash flows, as and when they are received, are passed onto the investors.

Risk Control

Since investing requires disciplined risk management, the AMC would incorporate adequate safeguards for controlling risks in the portfolio construction process.

The risk control process involves reducing risks through portfolio diversification, taking care however not to dilute returns in the process. The AMC believes that this diversification would help achieve the desired level of consistency in returns. Stock specific risk will be minimized by investing only in those companies that have been analyzed by the Investment Team at the AMC. For investments in debt securities, the AMC aims to identify securities, which offer superior levels of yield at lower levels of risks. With the aim of controlling risks, rigorous and in-depth credit evaluation of the securities proposed to be invested in, will be carried out by the investment team of the AMC. Rated Debt instruments in which the Scheme invests will be of investment grade as rated by a credit rating agency. The AMC will be guided but not limited by the ratings of Rating Agencies such as CRISIL, CARE, ICRA and Fitch or any other rating agencies that may be registered with SEBI from time to time. In



case a debt instrument is not rated, investment will be in accordance with Guidelines approved by the Board. Further, all investments in the unrated paper are periodically reviewed by Investment Committee and the Board of AMC & Trustee Company.

The Scheme may also use various derivatives and hedging products from time to time, as would be available and permitted by SEBI, in an attempt to protect the value of the portfolio and enhance Unitholders' interest.

Portfolio Turnover

The Scheme is an open-ended scheme. It is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

Benchmark (**Total Returns Index**): BSE Healthcare TRI. As required under clause 1.9 of Master Circular, the benchmark has been selected from amongst those notified by AMFI as the first tier benchmark to be adopted by mutual funds and which are reflective of the category of the scheme.

The BSE Healthcare is designed to provide investors with a benchmark reflecting companies included in the BSE All Cap that are classified as members of the healthcare sector. The Scheme aims to invest in companies that would benefit directly or indirectly in Healthcare and allied sectors in India which would typically primarily comprise Pharma and Healthcare companies. BSE Healthcare index has adequate representation of the same and would be the most apt benchmark for the scheme.

The Trustee/AMC reserves the right to change the benchmark for evaluating the performance of the Scheme from time to time, in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme and the appropriateness of the benchmark, subject to SEBI guidelines and other prevalent guidelines.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Mr. Anandha Padmanabhan Anjeneyan, Mr. Utsav Mehta, and Mr. Vivek Sharma are the equity fund managers for the scheme. Mr. Puneet Pal is the debt fund manager for the scheme.

Name & Designation & Tenure in managing scheme	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
Mr. Anandha Padmanabhan Anjeneya (Equity Portion) Fund Manager – Equity Tenure in managing scheme: Not Applicable	Age: 41 years Qualification: B. Com, ACA, CFA, FRM	Collectively over 15 years of experience in Indian financial markets, primarily in equity research: • June 1, 2021 onwards – PGIM India Asset Management Pvt. Ltd. – Equity Analyst and Assistant Fund Manager – Equity • January 2020 to May 31, 2021 – PGIM India Asset Management Pvt. Ltd. –	PGIM India Large Cap Fund, PGIM India Flexi Cap Fund, PGIM India Hybrid Equity Fund, PGIM India Equity Savings Fund, PGIM India Balanced Advantage Fund, PGIM India Large and Mid Cap Fund, PGIM India Multi Cap Fund and PGIM India Retirement Fund.



Name & Designation & Tenure in managing scheme	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
		Equity Analyst and Dedicated Fund Manager – Overseas Investments March 2019 to January 2020 – PGIM India Asset Management Pvt. Ltd. – Equity Analyst May 2018 to March 2019 – Equity Analyst – Renaissance Investment Managers Private Ltd. August 2010 to May 2018 – Equity Analyst – Canara Robeco Asset Management Company Ltd. September 2009 to August 2010 – Fixed Income Dealer-Canara Robeco Asset Management Company Ltd.	
Mr. Utsav Mehta (Equity Portion) Fund Manager – Equity Tenure in managing scheme: Not Applicable	Age: 36 Years Qualification: B.Com., CFA	Over 13 years of experience in Equity market, research and fund management: October 23, 2023 onwards - PGIM India Asset Management Pvt Ltd Vice President - Fund Manager - Equity. September 2018 to October 2023 - Edelweiss Asset Management Ltd - VP, Alternatives. June 2014 to September 2018 - Ambit Capital - Sector Analyst - Institutional Equities. January 2014 to May 2014 - MF Advisors LLP - Analyst - Investments. November 2012 - December 2013 - Ambit Capital - Associate - Investment Research	PGIM India Midcap Opportunities Fund, PGIM India ELSS Tax Saver Fund, PGIM India Balanced Advantage Fund, PGIM India Small Cap Fund, PGIM India Multi Cap Fund and PGIM India Large and Mid Cap Fund.
Mr. Vivek Sharma (Equity Portion)	Age:- 41	Over 14 years of experience in Equity market, research and fund management:	PGIM India Midcap Opportunities Fund, PGIM India Large Cap



Name & Designation & Tenure in managing scheme	Age / Educational Qualifications	Brief Experience	Name of other Schemes under his management
Fund Manager – Equity Tenure in managing scheme: Not Applicable	Qualification: - PGDM - Finance	 April 09, 2024 onwards - PGIM India Asset Management Pvt Ltd Fund Manager – Equity September 01, 2023 to March 20, 2024 - Edelweiss Asset Management Limited - Fund Manager – Equity March 09, 2017 to August 18, 2023 - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited - Fund Manager – Equity. October 01, 2010 to March 06, 2017 - ICICI Securities Ltd - Research Analyst. 	Fund, PGIM India Flexi Cap Fund, PGIM India Hybrid Equity Fund, PGIM India Equity Savings Fund, PGIM India ELSS Tax Saver Fund, PGIM India Small Cap Fund, PGIM India Multi Cap Fund and PGIM India Retirement Fund.
Mr. Puneet Pal (Debt Portion) Head – Fixed Income Tenure in managing the scheme: Not Applicable	Age: 44 years Qualification: MBA (Finance) from Symbiosis Institute of Business Management, Pune	More than 20 years of experience in the Debt markets within the Mutual Fund space. Below are details on his past stints: • December 01, 2021 onwards – Head – Fixed Income - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited • December 13, 2017 to November 30, 2021 - Deputy Head - Fixed Income - PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited • February 2012 to December 12, 2017 - Head - Fixed Income - BNP Paribas Asset Management India Pvt. Ltd. • July 2008 to February 2012 - Sr. Vice President & Fund Manager - UTI Asset Management Company Ltd. • August 2006 to July 2008 - Fund Manager - Tata Asset Management Ltd. • April 2004 to August 2006 - Asst. Fund Manager - UTI Asset Management Company Ltd. June 2001 to March 2004 - Dealer - UTI Asset Management Company Ltd.	PGIM India Overnight Fund, PGIM India Liquid Fund, PGIM India Ultra Short Duration Fund, PGIM India Money Market Fund, PGIM India Dynamic Bond Fund, PGIM India Corporate Bond Fund, PGIM India Gilt Fund and PGIM India CRISIL IBX Gilt Index – Apr 2028 Fund. PGIM India Flexi Cap Fund, PGIM India Midcap Opportunities Fund, PGIM India Small Cap Fund, PGIM India Hybrid Equity Fund, PGIM India Arbitrage Fund, PGIM India Arbitrage Fund, PGIM India Equity Savings Fund and PGIM India Balanced Advantage Fund, PGIM India Large and Mid Cap Fund, PGIM India Retirement Fund and PGIM India Multi Cap Fund (Debt Portion)



F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

Sr. no.	Name of the Scheme	Category of the Scheme	Type of the Scheme
1.	PGIM India Large and Midcap Fund	Large & Mid Cap Fund	An open ended equity scheme investing in both large cap and mid cap stocks.
2.	PGIM India Flexi Cap Fund	Flexi Cap Fund	An open ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks.
3.	PGIM India Large Cap Fund	Large Cap Fund	An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in large cap stocks
4.	PGIM India Midcap Opportunities Fund	Mid Cap Fund	An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in mid cap stocks
5.	PGIM India ELSS Tax Saver Fund	ELSS	An Open Ended Equity Linked Savings Scheme with a statutory lock-in of 3 years and tax benefit
6.	PGIM India Small Cap Fund	Small Cap Fund	An open-ended equity scheme predominantly investing in small cap stocks
7.	PGIM India Multi Cap Fund	Multi Cap Fund	An open ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks.

For details of asset allocation of all the existing Schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund, you may refer to www.pgimindiamf.com

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

The Scheme is a new scheme and does not have any performance track record.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES:

- 1. Scheme's Portfolio (top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors):
 - Top 10 holdings by issuer: This is a new Scheme and hence the same is not applicable.
 - **Fund allocation towards various sectors:** This is a new Scheme and hence the same is not applicable.
- 2. **Portfolio Disclosure:** This is a new Scheme and hence the same is not applicable.
- **3. Portfolio turnover ratio of the Scheme:** This is a new Scheme and hence the same is not applicable.
- **4. Aggregate investment in the scheme by Fund Manager:** This is a new Scheme and hence the same is not applicable.
- 5. Investments of AMC in the Scheme:



This is a new Scheme and hence the same is not applicable.

The AMC may invest in the Scheme, subject to the Regulations and to the extent permitted by its Board from time to time. As per the existing Regulations, the AMC will not charge investment management and advisory fee on the investment made by it in the Scheme.



Part III- OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

NAV of Units under the Scheme will be calculated by following method:

NAV (Rs.) =	Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments + Current Assets - Current Liabilities and Provisions
	No. of Units outstanding under the Scheme

The NAV shall be calculated up to two decimal places. However the AMC reserves the right to declare the NAVs up to additional decimal places as it deems appropriate. Separate NAV will be calculated and disclosed for each Plan/Option. The AMC will calculate and disclose the NAV of the Scheme on all the Business Days.

The numerical illustration of the above method is provided below:

Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investment (Rs.) = 1,15,12,05,600.00 Current Assets (Rs.) = 60,00,000.00 Current Liabilities (Rs.) = 40,00,000.00 No of units Outstanding under the scheme = 10,00,00,000

The aforesaid provision pertaining to "Calculation of NAV" shall apply in respect of each individual scheme and / or plan as the case may be. The NAV per unit above is rounded off to two decimals

The NAV will be calculated as of the close of every Business Day.

A. Methodology for calculation of sale and re-purchase price of the units of mutual fund scheme:

0 0 1	At the applicable NAV.
subscription (purchase)/ switch-in (from other Schemes	Ongoing Price for subscription = Applicable NAV*(1+ Entry Load, (if any)
of the Mutual Fund)	Example:
by investors. This is the price you need to pay for purchase /switch-in.	If the Applicable NAV is Rs.10, Entry Load is nil then sales price will be = Rs. 10* (1+0) = Rs. 10
Ongoing price for	At the applicable NAV, subject to prevailing exit load.
redemption (sale) /switch outs (to other schemes of the	Redemption Price = Applicable NAV*(1- Exit Load, (if any)
Mutual Fund) by	Example:
investors.	If the Applicable NAV is Rs.10, Exit Load is 1% then redemption price will be



This is the price you	= Rs. 10* (1-0.01)
will receive for	
redemptions/switch	= Rs. 9.90
outs.	

The Redemption Price will not be lower than 95% of the NAV or as permitted / prescribed under the SEBI Regulations from time to time.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, rounding off, investment in foreign securities, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. Kindly refer SAI.

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the Scheme.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. all such expenses are borne by the AMC.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include the Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' Fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given below:

The AMC has estimated that up to 2.25 % of the daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses.

Operating & recurring expenses under regulation 52 (6) & 52 (6A):

a) The total expense ratio that can be charged to the Scheme, excluding issue or redemption expenses, whether initially borne by the mutual fund or by the AMC, but including the investment management and advisory fee shall be as follows:

Assets under management Slab (In Rs. crore)	Total expense ratio limits for equity oriented schemes
on the first Rs.500 crores of the daily net assets	2.25%
on the next Rs.250 crores of the daily net assets	2.00%
on the next Rs.1,250 crores of the daily net assets	1.75%
on the next Rs.3,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.60%
on the next Rs.5,000 crores of the daily net assets	1.50%
On the next Rs.40,000 crores of the daily net assets	Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05%
	for every increase of Rs.5,000 crores of
	daily net assets or part thereof
On balance of the assets	1.05%

- b) In addition to the annual recurring expenses stated in (a) above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme:
 - i. Brokerage and transaction cost incurred for the purpose of execution shall be charged to the schemes as provided under Regulation 52 (6A) (a) upto 0.12 percent and 0.05 per cent for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively. Any payment



towards brokerage & transaction costs, over and above the said 0.12 per cent and 0.05 per cent for cash market transactions and derivatives transactions respectively may be charged to the Scheme within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio (TER) as prescribed under Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Finds) Regulations, 1996.

ii. Additional Expenses not exceeding of 0.30 per cent of daily net assets of the schemes, if the new inflows from beyond top 30 cities (as per SEBI Regulations /Circulars/ AMFI data) are at least (i) 30 per cent of gross new inflows from retail investors* in the scheme, or (ii) 15 per cent of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher. Provided that if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of sub-clause (i) or sub- clause (ii), such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

*Inflows of amount upto Rs 2,00,000/- per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as in flows from "retail investors.

The additional expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities. Provided further that amount incurred as additional expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

Note: Pursuant to the directions received from SEBI vide its letter no. SEBI/HO/IMD-SEC-3/P/OW/2023/5823/1 dated February 24, 2023 read along with AMFI communication dated March 02, 2023, w.e.f March 01, 2023 no additional expense shall be charged on the new inflows received on or after March 01, 2023 from specified cities as per Regulation 52 (6A) (b) till any further guidance is received from SEBI in this regard.

iii. Additional expenses not exceeding 0.05 per cent of daily net assets of the scheme, towards the investment and advisory fees or various other permissible expenses; (It may be noted that these expenses will not be charged in case the scheme does not charge an exit load)

Within such total recurring expenses charged to the Scheme as above, the investment management and advisory fee (charged as a percentage of daily net assets) would be as decided by the AMC from time to time, provided that the investment management and advisory fee shall not exceed the aggregate of expenses charged under clause (a) and (b) (iii) above.

In terms of paragraph 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund, the AMC shall annually set apart at least 0.02% on daily net assets within the maximum limit of recurring expenses as per Regulation 52 for investor education and awareness initiatives.

The maximum annual recurring expenses of the Scheme including the investment management and advisory fee (together with additional management fee wherever applicable) shall not exceed the limit stated in Regulation 52 read with paragraph 10.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund, as explained above.

Goods and Services tax (GST):-

- AMC may charge GST on investment and advisory fees of the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of TER as per the Regulation 52(6) and (6A).
- GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees: AMC may charge GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees of the Scheme, if any within the maximum limit of TER as per the Regulation under 52(6) and (6A).



GST on brokerage & transaction cost: GST on brokerage and transaction costs which are
incurred for the purpose of execution of trade, will be within the limit of expenses as per the
Regulation 52(6) and (6A). Further, the Goods and Services tax on exit load, if any, shall be
paid out of the exit load proceeds and the exit load net of Goods and Services tax, if any, shall
be credited back to the scheme.

All fees and expenses charged in the Direct Plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under the Regular Plan. The Direct Plan under the Scheme shall have a lower expense ratio as compared to the Regular Plan. Commission/ Distribution expenses will not be charged in case of Direct Plan. The Direct Plan shall also have separate NAV. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor may refer to the website =of the Mutual Fund (www.pgimindiamf.com). Further, the disclosure of Total Expense Ratio (TER) on a daily basis shall also be made on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). The Mutual Fund would update the expense ratios on the website at least three business days prior to the effective date of the change. Additionally, TER is also available on website https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/portfolio-related/expense-ratio.

The AMC has estimated the following total expenses for the first Rs. 500 Crores of the daily net assets of the Scheme:-

Expense Head	% of daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and IDCW redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	Upto 2.25%
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps for cash market trades and 5 bps for derivatives transactions	
Goods and Services tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
Goods and Services tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	Upto 2.25%
Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)s	Upto 0.05%**
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from beyond top 30 cities Upto	



*Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, except those expenses which are specifically prohibited, may be charged with the approval of the Trustee within the overall limits specified in the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations.

** It may be noted that these expenses will not be charged in case the scheme does not charge an exit load.

The purpose of the above table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs & expenses that an investor in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly. The above expenses (including Investment Management and Advisory Fees) are subject to inter-se change and may increase/decrease as per actual and/or any change in the Regulations. All types of expenses charged to the Scheme shall be in accordance with the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

The entire exit load (net of Goods and services tax), charged, if any, shall be credited to the Scheme.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns

Particulars	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Amount Invested at the beginning of the year (in Rs.)	10,000.00	10,000.00
Returns after Brokerage and Transaction Cost but before other expenses and Investment Management and Advisory Fees (in Rs.)	1,000.00	1,000.00
Returns after Brokerage and Transaction Cost but before other expenses and Investment Management and Advisory Fees (%)	10.00%	10.00%
Distribution Expenses (in Rs.)	150.00	0.00
Expenses other than Distribution Expenses (in Rs.)	20.00	20.00
Investment Management and Advisory Fees (in Rs.)	60.00	60.00
Returns after Brokerage and Transaction Cost ,other expenses and Investment Management and Advisory Fees (in Rs.)	770.00	920.00

The present illustration is calculated pursuant to the requirements of paragraph 5.8.2.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund . The purpose of an illustration is to purely explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments. Actual returns on your investment may be more, or less. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the Scheme will be lower to the extent of distribution expenses/commission. The NAVs published by the AMC are net of scheme expenses and they reflects return on investment to investors, provided investment is not subject to exit load. Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to consult his or her own financial advisor.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time.

The load structure of the Scheme is as follows:

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as % age of NAV)



Exit Load	•	For Exits within 90 days from date of allotment of units : 0.50%.
	•	For Exits beyond 90 days from date of allotment of units : NIL

The entire exit load (net of Goods and Services Tax), charged, if any, shall be credited to the Scheme.

The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to change / modify the Load structure of the Scheme, subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the Regulations.

Exit Load for switches within the Scheme:

- a) Where the investments were routed through a distributor (i.e. made with distributor code), any Switch of Units from the Regular Plan to Direct Plan of a Scheme shall be subject to applicable exit load, if any. However, any subsequent switch out or redemption of such investments from the Direct Plan will not be subject to any exit load;
- b) Where investments were made directly i.e. without any distributor code, exit load will not be levied on switch of Units from Regular Plan to Direct Plan of that Scheme. However, any subsequent switch-out or redemption will be subject to exit load applicable from the original date of investment:
- c) No exit load shall be levied in case of switch of Units from Direct Plan to Regular Plan of a Scheme. However, any subsequent switch-out or redemption of such investment from the Regular Plan shall be subject to exit load based on the original date of investment in the Direct Plan.

Load exemptions:

a) No Exit Load will be charged on Intra-Scheme switches i.e., switches between Growth and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Options.

Any change in the load structure shall be applicable on prospective investments only. For any change in load structure, the AMC will issue an addendum and display it on its Website (www.pgimindiamf.com) and Investor Service Centers. The addendum will also be circulated to all the distributors / brokers, so that the same can be attached to all SIDs and Key Information Memorandum in stock till the same is updated and reprinted. The AMC would make arrangements to display the addendum to the SID in the form of a notice at all the Investor Service Centers. The introduction/change in the Exit Load would be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such Load. Any other measures which the Mutual Fund may feel necessary would be undertaken.

The investors are requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing. For the current applicable exit load structure, please refer to the website of the AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com) or may call at 1800 266 7446 (toll free no.) or your distributor.



Section II

I. Introduction

A. Definitions/interpretation

In this Scheme Information Document, the words and expressions shall have the meaning specified in the following link, unless the context otherwise requires.

https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/sid-kim-sai-related-disclosures

Interpretation

For all purposes of this SID, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:-

- All references to the masculine shall include the feminine and all references to the singular shall include the plural and vice versa.
- All references to "Dollars" or "\$" or USD refer to Dollars of United States of America and "Rs." or INR refer to Indian Rupees. A "Crore" means "ten million" and a "lakh" means a "hundred thousand".
- All references to timings relate to Indian Standard Time (IST).
- References to a day are to a calendar day, including a non-Business Day.
- All references to "Master Circular" refer to Master Circular for Mutual Funds issued by SEBI dated June 27, 2024 as amended from time to time.

B. Risk Factors

i. Standard Risk Factors:

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal;
- As the price/value/interest rates of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the Scheme may go up or down;
- Past performance of the Sponsor/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme;
- The name of the Scheme does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the scheme or its future prospects and returns;
- Save as otherwise provided in the Regulations, the Sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs.100,000/- made by it towards setting up the Fund;
- The present Scheme is not guaranteed or assured return schemes.

ii. Scheme Specific Risk Factors

Some of the Scheme specific risk factors include, but not limited, to the following:-



1. Risks associated with investments in Equities

- The Scheme predominately focuses on equities of selected companies in the pharmaceutical and healthcare-associated sectors. Consequently, the NAV of the Scheme is linked to the equity performance of such companies and may be more volatile than a more diversified portfolio of equities, as the returns are subject to the sector's performance and dynamics.
- The Scheme is sectoral in nature and, hence will be affected by the risks associated with the Pharmaceutical and Healthcare companies in India such as:
 - ➤ Pricing of drugs is subject to price control and any reduction in prices of bulk drugs/formulations manufactured by pharmaceutical companies may affect the valuation of the concerned companies adversely.
 - ➤ High competition in the generics market may impact the margins of Indian pharmaceutical companies.
 - ➤ Other barriers to the growth of pharmaceutical companies could be inadequate patent infrastructure, weak redressal system for patent infringement, etc.
 - > INR appreciation may hit pharmaceutical companies' competitiveness and margins.
 - ➤ Healthcare companies are often subject to regulatory interventions, M&As, and litigations, which could impact the prospects of the companies that the scheme would invest in.
- The relatively high percentage of the Scheme's assets invested in a limited number of equity and equity-related securities may expose the portfolio to higher levels of volatility vis-à-vis other equity-oriented schemes. However as observed in various research under modern portfolio theory and investment analysis, while the first 20 stocks reduce the portfolio's risk significantly, the additional stocks between 20 and 1,000 reduce the portfolio's risk very marginally. Although the investment universe constitutes securities that will have high market liquidity, there is a possibility that market liquidity could get impacted on account of company/sector/general market-related events and there could be a price impact on account of portfolio rebalancing and/or liquidity demands on account of redemptions.
- Investors may note that AMC/Fund Manager's investment decisions may not be always profitable, as actual market movements may be at variance with anticipated trends. Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of these investments. Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme portfolio would result at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme portfolio.
- Equity and equity related securities may be volatile and hence are prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis. The liquidity of investments made in the Scheme may be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. Settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme portfolio would result at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme portfolio. Also, the value



of the Scheme investments may be affected by interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in law / policies of the government, taxation laws and political, economic or other developments which may have an adverse bearing on individual securities, a specific sector or all sectors.

• Investments in equity and equity related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest in the equity Schemes unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment.

2. Risk associated with investing in Fixed Income Securities

- Interest Rate Risk: Market value of fixed income securities is generally inversely related to interest rate movement. Accordingly, value of portfolio of the scheme may fall if the market interest rate rise and may appreciate when the market interest rate comes down.
- **Credit Risk:** This is risk associated with default on interest and /or principal amounts by issuers of fixed income securities. In case of a default, scheme may not fully receive the due amounts and NAV of the scheme may fall to the extent of default.
- **Spread Risk:** Credit spreads on corporate bonds may change with varying market conditions. Market value of debt securities in portfolio may depreciate if the credit spreads widen and vice –versa. Similarly, in case of floating rate securities, if the spreads over the benchmark security / index widen, then the value of such securities may depreciate.
- **Liquidity Risk:** Liquidity condition in market varies from time to time. In an environment of tight liquidity, necessity to sell securities may have higher than usual impact cost. Further, liquidity of any particular security in portfolio may lessen depending on market condition, requiring higher discount at the time of selling.
- Counterparty Risk: This is the risk of failure of counterparty to a transaction to deliver securities against consideration received or to pay consideration against securities delivered, in full or in part or as per the agreed specification. There could be losses to the Scheme in case of a counterparty default.
- **Re-investment Risk:** Investment in fixed income securities carries re-investment risk. Interest rates prevailing on the coupon payment or maturity date may differ from the purchase yield of the security. This may result in final realized yield to be lower than that expected at the time of purchase.
- The Scheme at times may receive large number of redemption requests, leading to an asset-liability mismatch and therefore, requiring the investment manager to make a distress sale of the securities leading to realignment of the portfolio and consequently resulting in investment in lower yield instruments.
- **Risks associated with unrated instruments:** Investments in unrated instruments are subject to the risk associated with investments in any other fixed income securities, as referred above. However, investments in unrated instruments are considered to be subject to greater risk of loss of principal and interest than rated instruments.



3. Risk envisaged and mitigation measures for repo transactions:

- Counterparty Risks Risks could arise if the Counterparty does not return the security (in a borrowing transaction) as contracted or pay interest (lending transaction) on the due date. This risk is largely mitigated, as the choice of counterparties is 'restricted' and their credit ratings and overall credit risk levels are taken into account before entering into such transactions.
- **Settlement Risks** Operational risks are lower as such trades are settled on a DVP (Delivery versus Payment Safe settlement) basis. The trades are settled on a bilateral basis in the OTC segment.
- Collateral / Credit Risk In the event of the scheme being unable to pay back the money to the Counterparty as contracted, the counter party may dispose of the assets (as they have sufficient margin) and the net proceeds if any after such disposal may be refunded to the scheme. The value of the collateral will be monitored on a daily basis and shortfalls if any will lead to demand on the counterparty to top up collateral. In ability to comply with top up requests could lead to liquidation of security / collateral and an early / premature termination of the agreement.
- Risk of Co-mingling -Servicers normally deposit all payments received from the Obligors into the Collection Account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a Servicer and depositing the same into the Collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the Loan Agreements may not be segregated from other funds of the Servicer. If the Servicer fails to remit such funds due to Investors, the Investors may be exposed to a potential loss. Due care is normally taken to ensure that the Servicer enjoys highest credit rating on standalone basis to minimize Co-mingling risk

4. Risk associated with investments in Derivatives

- Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investors. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities as well as to manage risks arising thereby. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the Scheme involve uncertainty and investment decisions may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies. Derivative investments carry certain risks and issues arising out of such dealings. The risks associated with the use of derivatives - either for hedging or for portfolio balancing – are different from, and possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. Certain other risks, one or more, that may arise consequent to use of derivatives are: risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives, credit risk arising out of counterparty failing to honour its commitment, liquidity risk where the derivatives cannot be sold at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, and price risk where the market price may move in adverse fashion. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to manage the risks as a result of the possible failure of the counterparty to comply with the terms of the derivative contract.
- To the extent that Derivatives are utilised to seek to achieve the investment objectives of the Scheme, and for purposes other than hedging, the overall risk of loss to the Scheme may be increased. To the extent that Derivatives are utilised for hedging purposes, the



risk of loss to the Scheme may be increased where the value of the Derivative instrument and the value of the Security or position which it is hedging are insufficiently correlated.

• Futures and Call Options:- The Scheme may invest in Derivatives such as futures and call options. The option buyer's risk is limited to the premium paid, while the risk of an option writer is unlimited. However the gains of an option writer are limited to the premiums earned. The writer of a call option bears a risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset increases above the exercise price. The loss can be unlimited as the underlying asset can increase to any level. The writer of a put option bears the risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset declines below the exercise price and the loss is limited to the strike price. The relevant stock exchange, if any, may impose restrictions on the exercise of options and may also restrict the exercise of options at certain times in specified circumstances.

• Risks for writing covered call options for equity shares:

- a) Writing call options are highly specialized activities and entail higher than ordinary investment risks. In such investment strategy, the profits from call option writing is capped at the option premium, however the downside depends upon the increase in value of the underlying equity shares.
- b) The Scheme may write covered call option only in case it has adequate number of underlying equity shares as per regulatory requirement.
 - This would lead to setting aside a portion of investment in underlying equity shares. If covered call options are sold to the maximum extent allowed by regulatory authority, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares immediately if the view changes to sell and exit the stock. The covered call options need to be unwound before the stock positions can be liquidated. This may lead to a loss of opportunity, or can cause exit issues if the strike price at which the call option contracts have been written become illiquid. Hence, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares, which can lead to temporary illiquidity of the underlying equity shares and result in loss of opportunity.
- c) The writing of covered call option would lead to loss of opportunity due to appreciation in value of the underlying equity shares. Hence, when the appreciation in equity share price is more than the option premium received the scheme would be at a loss.
- d) The total gross exposure related to option premium paid and received must not exceed the regulatory limits of the net assets of the scheme.
- This may restrict the ability of Scheme to buy any options.
- Investments in index futures face the same risk as investments in a portfolio of shares representing an index. The extent of loss is the same as in the underlying Securities.
- The risk of loss in trading futures contracts can be substantial, because of the low margin deposits required, the extremely high degree of leverage involved in futures pricing and the potential high volatility of the futures markets.

5. Risk associated with Overseas Investment

• Subject to necessary approvals and within the investment objectives of the Scheme, the



Scheme may invest in overseas markets which carry a risk on account of fluctuations in the foreign exchange rates, nature of securities market of the country, repatriation of capital due to exchange controls and political circumstances.

- It is the AMC's belief that investment in Permitted Foreign Securities offers new investment and portfolio diversification opportunities into multi-market and multi-currency products. However, such investments also entail additional risks. Such investment opportunities may be pursued by the AMC provided they are considered appropriate in terms of the overall investment objectives of the Scheme. Since the Scheme would invest in Permitted Foreign Securities including but not limited to units/securities issued by overseas mutual fund or unit trusts which are registered with the overseas regulator, there may not be readily available and widely accepted benchmarks to measure performance of the Scheme. To manage risks associated with foreign currency and interest rate exposure, the Scheme may use derivatives in accordance with conditions as may be stipulated by SEBI/RBI from time to time.
- Offshore investments will be made subject to any/all approvals, conditions thereof as
 may be stipulated by SEBI/RBI and provided such investments do not result in expenses
 to the Scheme in excess of the ceiling on expenses prescribed by and consistent with
 costs and expenses attendant to international investing.
- To the extent that the assets of the Scheme will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets, distributions and income may be adversely affected by changes in the value of certain foreign currencies relative to the Indian Rupee. The repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations concerning exchange controls or political circumstances as well as the application to it of other restrictions on investment. Due to time zone differences, NAV of investee scheme in such cases may not be available for the same day.
- The investment limit in foreign securities currently applicable to Mutual Fund under paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds if overall limit for the Mutual Fund in overseas securities reaches USD 1 billion or the overall limit for Mutual Fund Industry in overseas securities reaches USD 7 billion, then Mutual Fund will not be able to invest in overseas securities / will not be able to do incremental overseas investment, unless such limit is increased or further directions is received from SEBI or RBI in this regard. It may be noted that the cap of USD 1 billion will be monitored and enforced at the Mutual Fund level and not at the individual scheme level.

6. Risks associated with investment in Securitised Instruments:

Generally available types of loans for Securitisation in India are:

- Commercial Vehicles
- Auto and Two wheeler pools
- Mortgage pools (residential housing loans)
- Personal Loan, credit card and other retail loans
- Corporate loans/receivables

Underlying Risk: Each asset class has a different underlying risk, however, residential mortgages are supposed to be having lower default rates. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Some of the asset classes such as personal loans, credit card receivables etc., being unsecured credits in nature, may witness higher default rates. As regards corporate loans/receivables, depending upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature



of the receivable the risks would correspondingly fluctuate. However, the credit enhancement stipulated by rating agencies for such asset class pools is typically much higher and hence their overall risks are comparable to other AAA rated asset classes.

The rating agencies have an elaborate system of stipulating margins, over collateralisation and guarantee to bring risk limits in line with the other AAA rated securities. Please note that the scheme(s) intends to invest predominantly in AAA rated securitised debt.

Investment exposure of the Fund with reference to Securitised Debt:

The Fund will predominantly invest only in those securitization issuances which have AAA rating indicating the highest level of safety from credit risk point of view at the time of making an investment. The Fund will not invest in foreign securitised debt.

The Fund may invest in various type of securitisation issuances, including but not limited to Asset Backed Securitisation, Mortgage Backed Securitisation, Personal Loan Backed Securitisation, Collateralized Loan Obligation/Collateralized Bond Obligation and so on.

The Fund does not propose to limit its exposure to only one asset class or to have asset class based sub-limits as it will primarily look towards the AAA rating of the offering.

Risk Factors specific to investments in Securitised and Structured Instruments: Underlying Risk:

Each asset class has a different underlying risk, however, residential mortgages are supposed to be having lower default rates. On the other hand, repossession and subsequent recovery of commercial vehicles and other auto assets is fairly easier and better compared to mortgages. Some of the asset classes such as personal loans, credit card receivables etc., being unsecured credits in nature, may witness higher default rates. As regards corporate loans/receivables, depending upon the nature of the underlying security for the loan or the nature of the receivable the risks would correspondingly fluctuate. However, the credit enhancement stipulated by rating agencies for such asset class pools is typically much higher and hence their overall risks are comparable to other similarly rated asset classes.

Limited Liquidity & Price Risk:

Presently, secondary market for securitised papers is not very liquid. There is no assurance that a deep secondary market will develop for such securities. This could limit the ability of the investor to resell them. Even if a secondary market develops and sales were to take place, these secondary transactions may be at a discount to the initial issue price due to changes in the interest rate structure.

Limited Recourse, Delinquency and Credit Risk:

Securitised transactions are normally backed by pool of receivables and credit enhancement as stipulated by the rating agency, which differ from issue to issue. The Credit Enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the Investors. These Certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation of either the Issuer or the Seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the Seller, Issuer and Originator. No financial recourse is available to the Certificate Holders against the Investors' Representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the Credit Enhancement and thereby the Investor Payouts may get affected if the amount available in the Credit Enhancement facility is not enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of a Obligor to repay his obligation, the Servicer may repossess and sell the underlying Asset.



However many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such Asset or the length of time required to realize the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such Asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that Obligor.

Risks due to possible prepayments:

Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. Full prepayment of underlying loan contract may arise under any of the following circumstances:

- Obligor pays the Receivable due from him at any time prior to the scheduled maturity date of that Receivable; or
- Receivable is required to be repurchased by the Seller consequent to its inability to rectify a material misrepresentation with respect to that Receivable; or
- The Servicer recognizing a contract as a defaulted contract and hence repossessing the underlying Asset and selling the same.
- In the event of prepayments, investors may be exposed to changes in tenor and yield.

Bankruptcy of the Originator or Seller

If originator becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the sale from originator to Trust was not a sale then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due. All possible care is generally taken in structuring the transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to Trust not being construed as a "True Sale". Legal opinion is normally obtained to the effect that the assignment of Receivables to Trust in trust for and for the benefit of the Investors, as envisaged herein, would constitute a true sale.

Bankruptcy of the Investor's Agent

If Investor's agent, becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings and the court in the bankruptcy proceedings concludes that the recourse of Investor's Agent to the assets/receivables is not in its capacity as agent/Trustee but in its personal capacity, then an Investor could experience losses or delays in the payments due under the swap agreement. All possible care is normally taken in structuring the transaction and drafting the underlying documents so as to provide that the assets/receivables if and when held by Investor's Agent is held as agent and in Trust for the Investors and shall not form part of the personal assets of Investor's Agent. Legal opinion is normally obtained to the effect that the Investors Agent's recourse to assets/receivables is restricted in its capacity as agent and trustee and not in its personal capacity.

Credit Rating of the Transaction/Certificate

The credit rating is not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell the Certificate in as much as the ratings do not comment on the market price of the Certificate or its suitability to a particular investor. There is no assurance by the rating agency either that the rating will remain at the same level for any given period of time or that the rating will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency.

Risk of Co-mingling

The Servicers normally deposit all payments received from the Obligors into the Collection Account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a Servicer and depositing the same into the Collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the Loan Agreements may not be segregated from other funds of the Servicer. If the Servicer fails to remit such funds due to Investors, the Investors may be exposed to a potential loss. Due care is normally taken to ensure that the Servicer enjoys highest credit rating on stand alone basis to minimize Co-mingling risk.



7. Risks associated with segregated portfolio

- Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer.
- Security comprising of segregated portfolio may not realise any value
- Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily
 guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further
 trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV

8. Risk associated with Short Selling

- Purchasing a security entails the risk of the security price going down. Short selling of securities (i.e. sale of securities without owning them) entails the risk of the security price going up there by decreasing the profitability of the short position. Short selling is subject to risks related to fluctuations in market price, and settlement/liquidity risks. If required by the Regulations, short selling may entail margin money to be deposited with the clearing house and daily mark to market of the prices and margins. This may impact fund pricing and may induce liquidity risks if the fund is not able to provide adequate margins to the clearing house. Failure to meet margin requirements may result in penalties being imposed by the exchanges and clearing house.
- Engaging in securities lending is subject to risks related to fluctuations in collateral value and settlement/liquidity and counter party risks. The risks in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consist of the failure of another party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Mutual Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity and in turn cannot protect from the falling market price of the said security.

9. Risks associated with Securities Lending and Borrowing (SLB)

Securities Lending is lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed. The risks in security lending consist of the failure of intermediary / counterparty, to comply with the terms of agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the scheme and the intermediary / counterparty. Such failure to comply can result in the possible loss of rights in the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The scheme may not be able to sell lent out securities, which can lead to temporary illiquidity & loss of opportunity.

10. Risk associated with investments in REITs and InvITS:

Market Risk: REITs and InvITs are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing
to market movements. Investors may note that AMC/Fund Manager's investment decisions may not
always be profitable, as actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends.
The NAV of the Scheme is vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested by the
scheme, due to various market related factors like changes in the general market conditions, factors
and forces affecting capital market, level of interest rates, trading volumes, settlement periods and
transfer procedures.



- Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk: REITs & InvITs run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when
 interest rates rise, prices of existing securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase.
 The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the
 increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.
- Liquidity Risk: This refers to the ease with which securities can be sold. There is no assurance that an active secondary market will develop or be maintained. Hence there would be time when trading in the units could be infrequent. The subsequent valuation of illiquid units may reflect a discount from the market price of comparable securities for which a liquid market exists.
- Reinvestment Risk: Investments in REITs & InvITs may carry reinvestment risk as there could be repatriation of funds by the Trusts in form of buyback of units or Dividend pay-outs, etc. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested in assets providing lower returns.

The above are some of the common risks associated with investments in REITs & InvITs. There can be no assurance that a Scheme's investment objectives will be achieved, or that there will be no loss of capital. Investment results may vary substantially on a monthly, quarterly or annual basis.

11. Risks associated with investing in Tri-Party Repo through CCIL (TREPS)

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. CCIL maintains prefunded resources in all the clearing segments to cover potential losses arising from the default member. In the event of a clearing member failing to honour his settlement obligations, the default Fund is utilized to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the "Default Waterfall". As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

12. Risks factors associated with processing of transaction through Stock Exchange Mechanism:

The trading mechanism introduced by the stock exchange(s) is configured to accept and process transactions for mutual fund units in both Physical and Demat Form. The allotment and/or redemption of Units through NSE and/or BSE or any other recognised stock exchange(s), on any Business Day will depend upon the modalities of processing viz. collection of application form, order processing/settlement, etc. upon which the Fund has no control. Moreover, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by respective recognized stock exchange(s).

13. Risk on Right to limit redemption:

Subject to the approval of Board of Directors of the AMC and Trustee Company and immediate intimation to SEBI, a restriction on redemptions may be imposed by the Scheme under certain exceptional circumstances, which the AMC / Trustee believe that may lead to a systemic crisis or event that constrict liquidity of most securities or the efficient functioning of markets. Please refer to the paragraph "Right to Limit Redemptions" for further details.

14. Risks associated with investment in mutual fund units:

Investment in units of Mutual Fund scheme involves investment risks such as, but not limited to, trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal. The value



of units of mutual fund scheme may fluctuate based on the price / value / interest rates of the underlying securities in which the mutual fund scheme invests. The value of underlying securities may be affected, inter-alia, by changes in market environment, interest rates, changes in credit rating, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures. The NAV is also exposed to price/interest rate risk and credit risk and may be affected inter-alia, by the counterparty's ability or willingness to meet its contractual obligations, government policy, volatility and liquidity in the money markets and pressure on the exchange rate of the rupee. Investment in units of mutual fund scheme is also exposed to risk of suspension of subscriptions / redemptions of the units, change in fundamental attributes etc. Since the Scheme may invest in schemes of Mutual Funds, scheme specific risk factors of each such mutual fund scheme will be applicable to the Scheme portfolio.

C. Risk Mitigation Strategies:

The Fund by utilizing a holistic risk management strategy will endeavor to manage risks associated with investing in debt and equity markets. The risk control process involves identifying & measuring the risk through various risk measurement tools.

The Fund has identified following risks of investing in equity and debt and designed risk management strategies, which are embedded in the investment process to manage such risks.

Nature of Risk	Risk Mitigation Measures by AMC	
For making investment in equity schemes		
Liquidity Risk: Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of underlying investments.	All trades are executed on the two leading exchanges, the NSE and BSE. The internal investment process incorporates the days required to sell as an important criteria for investment decisions. The fund seeks to control such risk by investing in such stocks having strong fundamentals, sound financial strength and superior quality of management and highly liquid papers. Further, the days required to liquidate an investment is actively monitored by our internal systems. This ensures that the liquidity risk in the portfolio is minimized.	
Settlement Risk: Different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Schemes to make intended securities' purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Schemes to miss certain investment opportunities.	and/or the NSE. Both these exchanges are regulated by SEBI. The counterparty risk and settlement risk for all trades on the NSE is guaranteed by the National Securities Clearing Corporation Ltd. (and wholly owned subsidiary of the NSE); and by the	
Volatility Risk: Equity securities and equity related securities are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis.	The schemes has a diversified portfolio to counter the volatility in the prices of individual stocks. Diversification in the portfolio reduces the impact of high fluctuations in daily individual stock prices on the portfolio.	



For making investment in fixed income and money markets			
Credit Risk: Debt securities are subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet principal and interest payments on the obligations.	The fund has a strong credit research process. The credit team analyses and approves each issuer before investment by the schemes. There is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to each issuer. This ensures a diversified portfolio and reduced credit risk in the portfolio.		
Liquidity Risk: The corporate debt market is relatively illiquid vis-à-vis the government securities market. Even though the government securities market is more liquid compared to that of other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.	The schemes are envisaged to be actively managed portfolios. The liquidity and volatility of a security are important criteria in security selection process. This ensures that liquidity risk is minimized.		
Investing in unrated securities: Lower rated or unrated securities are more likely to react to developments affecting the market and the credit risk than the highly rated securities which react primarily to movements in the general level of interest rates. Lower rated securities also tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than higher rated securities.	The schemes have a strong credit research process and as such all investments, rated or unrated, are analyzed and approved by the credit team before investment by the schemes. Further there is a regulatory and internal cap on exposure to unrated issuers, limiting exposure to unrated securities.		
Settlement Risk: Delays or other problems in settlement of transactions could result in temporary periods when the assets of the Scheme are not invested and no return is earned thereon.	The AMC has well laid out processes and systems, which mitigate operational risks attached with the settlement process.		
Reinvestment Risk: This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Plans are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the "interest on interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.	Reinvestment risk is an inherent feature of the portfolio management process. It may be managed, to a certain extent, by seeking to invest in securities with relatively low intermittent cash flows.		

II. Information about the scheme:

A. Where will the scheme invest –

Detailed description of the instruments (including overview of debt markets in India, if applicable) mentioned in Section I

Subject to the Regulations and other prevailing laws as applicable, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following securities:



- 1) Indian Equity and equity related securities including convertible bonds and debentures and warrants carrying the right to obtain equity shares.
- 2) Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and/or repos/reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- 3) Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- 4) Repos of Corporate debt securities.
- 5) Debt securities issued by domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee.
- 6) Corporate debt securities (of both public and private sector undertakings)
- 7) Securities issued by banks (both public and private sector) as permitted by SEBI from time to time and development financial institutions
- 8) Money market instruments permitted by RBI/SEBI, having maturities of up to one year, or in alternative investment for the call money market.
- 9) Certificate of Deposits (CDs)
- 10) Tri -Party Repo (TREPS)
- 11) Commercial Paper (CPs)
- 12) The non-convertible part of convertible securities
- 13) Securitised Debt, Debt instruments having structured obligations / credit enhancements
- 14) Investment in units of Real Estate Investment Trust ('REIT') & Infrastructure Investment Trust ('InvIT')
- 15) Derivative instruments like, Stock / Index Futures, Stock / Index Options and such other derivative instruments permitted by SEBI.
- 16) Cash & cash equivalents
- 17) Foreign securities as defined under Paragraph 12.19 of SEBI master circular. The Investment in Foreign Securities shall be in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time.
- 18) Schemes managed by the AMC or the schemes launched by SEBI registered Mutual Funds, provided it is in conformity to the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing Regulations.
- 19) Any other instruments, as may be permitted by RBI/SEBI/such other Regulatory Authority, from time to time, subject to Regulatory approvals.

The securities mentioned above could be listed or permitted unlisted, privately placed, secured or unsecured, rated or un-rated and of any maturity, as enabled under SEBI Regulations/ circulars/ RBI. The securities may be acquired from primary market/ Initial Public Offer (IPO), secondary market operations, private placement or negotiated deals.

Overseas Investments by the Scheme:

According to paragraph 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, mutual funds can invest in certain permissible foreign securities.

As per paragraph 12.19.1 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds such investments are subject to an overall limit of US\$ 7 billion for all mutual funds put together. The Mutual Funds have been allowed an individual limit of US\$ 1billion for overseas investments. The Scheme may, with the approval of SEBI/ RBI invest in foreign securities as specified by SEBI. The overall ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is US\$ 1 billion subject to a maximum of US\$ \$300 million per mutual fund.

The AMC is allowed to invest in overseas securities upto 20% of the average Asset Under Management ('AUM') in overseas securities of the previous three calendar months subject to maximum limit of USD 1billion per Mutual Fund. The above limits shall be considered as soft



limits for the purpose of reporting only by Mutual Funds on monthly basis as per paragraph 12.19.1.3(d) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds .

The Mutual Fund may, where necessary will appoint intermediaries as sub-managers, sub-custodians, etc. for managing and administering such investments. The appointment of such intermediaries shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of SEBI and within the permissible ceilings of expenses.

Position of Debt Market in India

The Indian debt market, one of the largest in Asia, is developing rapidly buoyed by a multitude of factors including new instruments, increased liquidity, deregulation of interest rates and improved settlement systems. The major players in the Indian debt markets today are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, pension funds, provident funds and mutual funds. The instruments in the market can be broadly categorized as those issued by corporates, banks, financial institutions and those issued by state/central governments. The risks associated with any investments are - credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. While corporate papers carry credit risk due to changing business conditions, government securities carry zero credit risk. Interest rate risk is present in all debt securities and depends on a variety of macroeconomic factors. The largest segment of the Indian Debt market consists of the Government of India securities where the daily average trading volume is in excess of Rs. 50,000 crores, with instrument tenors ranging from short dated Treasury Bills to long dated securities extending upto 50 years. The Corporate bond market, though relatively less liquid, is also fast developing with an increased participation from the banks, financial institutions, mutual funds, provident funds, insurance companies and corporate treasuries. Public Financial Institutions, Public Sector Undertakings and Private AAA Corporates are the major issuers. Corporate bonds majorly are issued as fixed rate bonds. The yield curve usually tends to be positive sloping i.e. yield of shorter dated securities being lower than that of longer dated ones.

The money markets in India essentially consist of call money market (i.e. market for overnight and term money between banks and institutions), repo transactions (temporary sale with an agreement to buy back the securities at a future date at specified price), Tri-Party Repo, commercial papers (CPs, short term unsecured promissory note, generally issued by corporates), certificate of deposits (CDs, issued by banks) and Treasury Bills (issued by RBI). A predominantly institutional market, the key money market players are banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, primary dealers and corporates.

The various instruments currently available for investments are:

Issuer	Instrument	Maturity	Yields (%) as on	
			October 07, 2024	Liquidity
GOI	Treasury Bill	91 days	6.45%	High
GOI	Treasury Bill	364 days	6.54%	High
GOI	Short Dated	1-3 Years	6.62% - 6.71%	High
GOI	Medium Dated	3-5 Years	6.70% - 6.76%	High
GOI	Long Dated	5-10 Years	6.77% - 6.85%	High
	Taxable Bonds		7.30% - 7.60%	
Corporate	(AAA)	1-3 Years		Medium
	Taxable Bonds		7.20% - 7.40%	
Corporate	(AAA)	3-5 Years		Low to medium
Corporate	CPs (A1+)	3 months	7.15%-7.25 %	Medium to High
Corporate	CPs (A1+)	1 Year	7.55% -7.65%	Medium

Source: CCIL/Market reports



The actual yields will, however, vary in line with general levels of interest rates and debt/money market conditions prevailing from time to time.

B. What are the investment restrictions?

Pursuant to Regulations, specifically the Seventh Schedule and amendments thereto, the following investment restrictions are currently applicable to the Scheme:

- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company;
- All investments by the Scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed;
- The Mutual Fund under all its Schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights; Provided, investment in the asset management company or the trustee company of a mutual fund shall be governed by clause(a), of sub-regulation (1), of regulation 7B;
- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its net assets in debt instruments comprising money market & non money market instruments issued by a single issuer, which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Trustees and the Board of the AMC. Accordingly, within the limits specified in the clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of the MF Regulation, following prudential limits shall be followed, for schemes other than Credit risk funds:

A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than:

- a) 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
- b) 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
- c) 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below

issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in Clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation

Such limit shall not be applicable for investments in government securities, treasury bills &Triparty Repo. Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgage backed securitised debts which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI. Provided further that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in case of debt exchange traded funds or such other funds as may be specified by the Board from time to time.

• The Scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments and derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps, Interest Rate Futures, etc. which are used by mutual fund for hedging: Provided that Mutual Fund Schemes may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by SEBI from time to time:



Provided further that mutual fund schemes shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by SEBI:

Provided further that the norms for investments by mutual fund schemes in unrated debt instruments shall be specified by SEBI from time to time.

Note:

- a) As per paragraph 12.1 of SEBI Master Circular, SEBI has issued following guidelines w.r.t investment in unlisted debt & money market instruments
- b) Mutual fund scheme may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures (NCDs) that have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.
- c) All fresh investments by mutual fund schemes in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed with effect from one month from the date of operationalization of framework for listing of CPs or January 01, 2020, whichever is later.
- d) Investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall be subject to the following
 - I. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.
 - II. Exposure of mutual fund schemes in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.
- III. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and Trustees.
- e) Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:

The investment of mutual fund schemes in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the schemes and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:

- I. Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
- II. Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.
- III. For the purpose of this provision, 'Group' shall have the same meaning as defined in paragraph 12.9.3.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds .
- IV. Investment limits as mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.

Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.

• The Scheme may invest in another scheme of the Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund. The aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all the schemes under the same management or in schemes under management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Fund. No investment management fees



shall be charged by the Scheme for investing in other schemes of the Mutual Fund or in the schemes of any other mutual fund.

- The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - a. Any unlisted Security of an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - b. Any Security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the Sponsor; or
 - c. the listed Securities of group companies of the Sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- Transfer of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the Mutual Fund is permitted provided
 - a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on Spot Basis (Spot Basis shall have the same meaning as specified by a stock exchange for spot transactions); and
 - b) the Securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the Scheme to which such transfer has been made.
 - c) The same are in line paragraph 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds .
- The Mutual Fund shall get the Securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Fund on account of the Scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of a long-term nature.
- The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases take delivery of the relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities. The Mutual Fund may however engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI. Further that the Mutual Fund shall enter into derivatives transactions in a recognised stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI. The sale of government securities already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI in this regard.
- The Scheme shall not invest in a Fund of Funds scheme.
- The Scheme will comply with the following restrictions for trading in exchange traded derivatives, as specified by SEBI vide its circular DNPD/Cir-29/2005 dated September 14, 2005, Circular DNPD/Cir-30/2006 dated January 20, 2006 and Circular DNPD/Cir-31/2006 dated September 22, 2006 read in line with paragraph 7.5 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds:
 - i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index options contracts:
 - a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all equity index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 Crores or 15% of the total open interest of the market in equity index option contracts, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
 - b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.
 - ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in equity index futures contracts:



- a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all equity index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 Crores or 15% of the total open interest in the market in equity index futures contracts, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. Additional position limit for hedging:

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- a. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- b. Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

iv. Position limit for the Mutual Fund for stock based derivative contracts:

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts:

• The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

v. Position limit for the Scheme:

The position limits for the Scheme and disclosure requirements are as follows-

a. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of the Mutual Fund shall not exceed the higher of:

1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares)

Or

5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).

- b. This position limit shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange
- c. For index based contracts, the Mutual Fund shall disclose the total open interest held by the Scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

Further, as per paragraph 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, SEBI has prescribed the following investment restrictions with respect to investment in derivatives:



- a) The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure read in line with AMFI communication dated November 3, 2021. Cash equivalent shall consist of the following securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days i.e. Government Securities; T-Bills; Repo on Government Securities.
- b) The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- c) Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:-
 - (i) Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains;
 - (ii) Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point (a) above.
 - (iii) Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
 - (iv) The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
- d) Mutual Fund may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counter party in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.
- e) Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in Point (a) above.

f) Investment Restrictions for Covered Call strategy-

The scheme may write Call options under a covered strategy for constituent stocks of NIFTY 50 and BSE SENSEX subject to the following:

- a. The total notional value (taking into account strike price as well as premium value) of call options written by a scheme shall not exceed 15% of the total market value of equity shares held in that scheme.
- b. The total number of shares underlying the call options written shall not exceed 30% of the unencumbered shares of a particular company held in the scheme. The unencumbered shares in a scheme shall mean shares that are not part of Securities Lending and Borrowing Mechanism (SLBM), margin or any other kind of encumbrances.
- c. At all points of time the Mutual Fund scheme shall comply with the provisions at points (i) and (ii) above. In case of any passive breach of the requirement at



paragraph (i) above, the respective scheme shall have 7 trading days to rebalance the portfolio. During the rebalancing period, no additional call options can be written in the said scheme.

- d. In case a Mutual Fund scheme needs to sell securities on which a call option is written under a covered call strategy, it must ensure compliance with paragraphs (i) and (ii) above while selling the securities.
- e. In no case, a scheme shall write a call option without holding the underlying equity shares. A call option can be written only on shares which are not hedged using other derivative contracts.
- f. The premium received shall be within the requirements prescribed in terms of paragraph 12.25.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds i.e. the total gross exposure related to option premium paid and received must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- g. The exposure on account of the call option written under the covered call strategy shall not be considered as exposure in terms of paragraph 12.25.8i(g) of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds.
- h. The call option written shall be marked to market daily and the respective gains or losses factored into the daily NAV of the respective scheme(s) until the position is closed or expired.
- Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in terms of the investment objectives of the Scheme, the AMC may invest the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in accordance with the guidelines set out by SEBI under the Regulations. The Scheme will comply with the following guidelines/restrictions for parking of funds in short term deposits:
 - a. "Short Term" for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
 - b. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
 - c. The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with the approval of the Trustee.
 - d. Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and Sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
 - e. The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
 - f. The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank which has invested in the said Scheme. Further Trustees/AMC shall also ensure that a bank in which scheme has short term deposit does not invest in the Scheme until the Scheme has short term deposits with such bank.
 - AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks .

However, the above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

• Save as otherwise expressly provided under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, the Scheme shall not advance any loans.



- The Fund shall not borrow except to meet temporary liquidity needs of the Fund for the purpose of repurchase/redemption of Units or payment of interest and/or IDCW to the Unit holders. Provided that the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the individual Scheme and the duration of the borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 month.
- In term of paragraph 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, no Mutual Fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of debt instruments with special features or Tier 1 bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework with special features issued by a single issuer. Further, the scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and shall not invest more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.

Participation of Schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund in Repos of Corporate debt securities:

In accordance with paragraph 12.28 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, schemes of the Mutual Fund shall participate in the 'Corporate Bond Repo' transactions as per guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time. Currently the applicable guidelines are as under:

- a. Gross exposure of the scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10 % of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- b. The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the concerned scheme Mutual Funds shall participate in repo transactions only in 'AA and above' rated corporate debt securities.
- c. In terms of Regulation44 (2) mutual funds shall borrow through repo transactions only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months

The investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the Corporate Bond repos will also be as prescribed or varied by SEBI or by the Board of PGIM India Trustees Pvt. Ltd. (subject to SEBI requirements) from time to time.

The following guidelines shall be followed by PGIM India Mutual Fund for participating in repo in Corporate debt securities, which have been approved by the Board of AMC and Trustee Company:

a) Category of Counterparty to be considered for making investment:

All entities eligible for transacting in Corporate Bond repos as defined by SEBI and RBI shall be considered for repo transactions.

b) Credit rating of Counterparty to be considered for making investment:

The scheme shall participate in Corporate Bond repo transactions with counterparties having a minimum investment grade rating and approved by the Investment Committee on a case-to-case basis. In case a Counterparty is unrated, the Investment Committee will decide/ assign a rating to the Counterparty and report the same to the Board.

c) Tenor of Repo and Collateral:

As a repo seller (borrowing), the scheme will borrow cash for a period not exceeding 6 months or as per extant regulations. As a repo buyer, the Scheme are allowed to undertake the transactions (lending) for maximum maturity up to one year or such other terms as may



be approved by the Investment Committee. There shall be no restriction / limitation on the tenor of the underlying collateral that is being accepted.

d) Applicable haircuts:

As per RBI circular RBI/2012-13/365 IDMD.PCD. 09 /14.03.02/2012-13 dated 07/01/2013, all Corporate Bond repo transaction will be subject to a minimum haircut given as given below:

a. AAA : 7.50% b. AA+ : 8.50% c. AA : 10.00%

The haircut will be applicable on the prevailing market value of the said security on the prevailing date of trade. However, the fund manager may ask for a higher haircut (while lending) or give a higher haircut (while borrowing) depending on the prevailing market and liquidity situation.

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investment. The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective.

C. Fundamental Attributes

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds:

i. Type of scheme:

An open ended equity scheme investing in healthcare and pharmaceutical sector.

ii. Investment Objective:

• Main Objective

To generate consistent returns by predominantly investing in equity and equity related securities of pharmaceutical and healthcare companies.

However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be achieved. The Scheme does not guarantee/ indicate any returns.

Investment pattern: Please refer to section 'Asset Allocation' under Section I Part II. C

iii. Terms of Issue:

- Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption. Refer Section I,
 Part I highlights / summary of the Scheme
- Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the Scheme. Refer Section I, Part III,
 Point no. C- Annual Scheme recurring Expenses
- The Scheme does not provide any safety net or guarantee).

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds, the Trustee will ensure that no change in



the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the Trust or fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Option(s) there under and affect the interest of the Unit holders is carried out unless:

- a. SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal;
- b. written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit holder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- c. the Unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing NAV without any exit load.

D. Other Scheme Specific Disclosures:

Listing and transfer of units

The Scheme is an open ended equity scheme under which sale and repurchase will be made on a continuous basis and therefore listing on stock exchanges is not envisaged. However, the Trustee/AMC reserves the right to list the Units.

Units of the Scheme held in the Demat form are fully and freely in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 as may be amended from time to time through off market deals or in accordance with the stock exchange rules, upon the Scheme being listed. Transfers should be only in favor of transferees who are eligible for holding Units under the Scheme.

Units of the Scheme are freely transferable in demat and non demat mode.

If a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law, or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transmission of Units consequent on the death of a unitholder, the transferee's name will be recorded by the AMC / Registrar subject to production of satisfactory evidence and completing the requisite procedure / documentation (as explained in SAI).

Dematerialization of units

The investors shall have an option to hold the Units in demat mode. In case of SIP transactions, the units will be allotted based on the applicable NAV, the same will be credited to unitholder's Demat account on a weekly basis, upon realization of funds/ credit confirmation. For example, for fund realization/ credit confirmation received from the bankers from Monday to Friday of a week, the Units will be credited to unitholder's Demat account with the DP in the following week on Monday.

To hold the Units in demat mode, the investor will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the application form, DP's Name, DP ID and Beneficiary Account No. with the DP at the time of subscribing to the Units. The AMC will credit the Units to the Beneficiary Account of Unit holder within five working days from the date of clearance of the investor's cheque.

If a Unit holder desires to opt for dematerialization of units held under physical account statement at a later date, he will be required to make an application to AMC/RTA/DP in Conversion Request Form (available on the website of the Mutual Fund or with the DPs) along with Statement of Account, a copy of Client Master Report (CMR) or Transaction Statement (only the page of



	Transaction Statement reflecting the name and pattern of holding) issued by its Depository Participant. Application for issue of Units in demat mode may be submitted to any of the OPAs / ISCs or DPs. The AMC will credit the Units to the Beneficiary Account of Unit holder within two working days from receipt of demat request. In case the unit holders do not provide their Demat Account details, or the demat details provided in the application form are incomplete / incorrect or do not match with the details with the Depository records, the Units will be allotted in physical account statement mode provided the application is otherwise complete in all respect and accordingly, an Account Statement shall be sent to them.
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the amount invested without any return.)	In accordance with paragraph 6.12.2 of SEBI Master circular , the minimum target amount of the Scheme shall be Rs.10 Crores.
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	Not Applicable
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	Under the Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal option, the Trustee will have the discretion to declare the IDCW, subject to availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations. Further investors are requested to note that the amounts can be distributed out of investors capital (Equalization Reserve) which is part of a sale price that represents realized gains. The actual declaration of IDCW and frequency will inter-alia, depend on availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with the Regulations and the decisions of the Trustee shall be final in this regard. There is no assurance or guarantee to the Unit holders as to the rate of IDCW nor that the IDCW will be paid regularly.
	IDCW Distribution Procedure
	 In accordance with Chapter 11 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund the procedure for IDCW distribution would be as under: Quantum of IDCW and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. Within one calendar day of decision by the Trustee, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the IDCW including the record date, in one English daily newspaper having nationwide
	circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. 3. Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register



	India Mutuai Fund
	of Unit holders for receiving IDCW. The Record Date will be 2 business days from the date of issue of notice. 4. The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory
	levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date.
Allotment (Detailed procedure)	Full allotment will be made to all valid applications received, whose subscription proceeds have been realized, during the New Fund Offer Period. Allotment of units, shall be completed not later than 5 business days after the close of the New Fund Offer Period. On acceptance of the application for subscription, an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted by way of e-mail and/or SMS within 5 business days from the date of closure of new fund offer period will be sent to the Unit Holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number.
	An applicant in a scheme whose application has been accepted shall have the option either to receive the statement of accounts or to hold the units in dematerialised form and the asset management company shall issue to such applicant, a statement of accounts specifying the number of units allotted to the applicant or issue units in the dematerialized form as soon as possible but not later than five working days from the date of closure of the initial subscription list or from the date of receipt of the application.
	In case of Unit holder who have provided their e-mail address the Fund will provide the Account Statement only through e-mail message, subject to Regulations and unless otherwise required. In cases where the email does not reach the Unit holder, the Fund / its Registrar & Transfer Agents will not be responsible, but the Unit holder can request for fresh statement. The Unit holder shall from time to time intimate the Fund / its Registrar & Transfer Agent about any changes in his e-mail address.
	All Units will rank <i>pari passu</i> , among Units within the same Option in the Scheme concerned as to assets, earnings and the receipt of IDCW distributions, if any, as may be declared by the Trustee.
	In case the Unit Holder desires to hold Units in dematerialized/rematerialized form at a later date, the request for conversion of Units held in non-dematerialized form into dematerialized form or vice-versa should be submitted along with a dematerialized/rematerialized request form to their Depository Participants.
Refund	If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 working days of closure of NFO. If refunded later than 5 working days @ 15% p.a. for delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC.
Who can invest (This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to	The following persons are eligible to invest in the Units of the Scheme (subject, wherever relevant, to the Purchase of Units of the Scheme of the Mutual Fund being permitted and duly authorized under their respective by-laws /constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorisations and relevant statutory provisions etc):-
ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk	1. Resident Indian adult individuals either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on an Anyone or Survivor basis;
profile).	2. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through Karta;



- 3. Resident Indian Minors or Non-Resident Indian Minors through their parent/legal guardian;
- 4. Partnership Firms;
- 5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor;
- 6. Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs.), Association of Persons (AOP) or Bodies of Individuals (BOI) and societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860;
- 7. Banks (as permitted by RBI) and Financial Institutions;
- 8. Religious and Charitable Trusts, Wakfs or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as "Public Securities" as required) and Private trusts authorised to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds;
- 9. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs)/ Persons of Indian origin (PIOs) residing abroad on repatriation basis or on non repatriation basis;
- 10. Foreign Portfolio Investors, subject to provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014;
- 11. Army, Air Force, Navy and other para-military units and bodies created by such institutions;
- 12. Scientific and Industrial Research Organisations;
- 13. Multilateral Funding Agencies/ Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India/ RBI
- 14. Provident/ Pension/ Gratuity Fund to the extent they are permitted;
- 15. Other schemes of PGIM India Mutual Fund or any other mutual fund subject to the conditions and limits prescribed by SEBI Regulations;
- 16. Trustee, AMC or Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to Units under the Scheme(s)

The AMC reserve the right to include/exclude new/existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to applicable Laws, if any. Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorized to invest in mutual fund units as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.

Subject to the Regulations and applicable law, an application for Units from an applicant may be accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the AMC/Trustee.

Who cannot invest

The following persons cannot invest in the Scheme:



	India Mutual Fund
	United States Person (U.S. person) as defined under the extant laws of the United States of America;
	2. Residents of Canada
	3. Any individual who is a foreign national or any entity that is not an Indian Resident under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, except where registered with SEBI as a FPIs or FPIs sub account;
	4. Non-Resident Indians residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs);
	5. Overseas Corporate Bodies;
	The AMC reserve the right to include/exclude new/existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to applicable Laws, if any. Prospective investors are advised to satisfy themselves that they are not prohibited by any law governing such entity and any Indian law from investing in the Scheme and are authorized to invest in mutual fund units as per their respective constitutions, charter documents, corporate / other authorizations and relevant statutory provisions.
	Subject to the Regulations and applicable law, an application for Units from an applicant may be accepted or rejected at the sole and absolute discretion of the AMC/Trustee.
How to Apply and other details	The Application form shall be made available availability of application form from either the Investor Service Centers (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance(OPAs) of AMC or may be downloaded from the website of AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com)
	Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.
	Please refer the AMC website (www.pgimindiamf.com) for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.
	All transaction requests can be submitted at any of the Official Points of Acceptance, the addresses of which are given at the end of this SID. (Please refer to the back cover page of this SID for details)
	The AMC may designate additional centres of the Registrar as the Official Points of Acceptance during the Ongoing Offer Period and change such centres, if necessary.
	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.
The policy regarding	Units once redeemed will be extinguished and will not be reissued.
reissue of	
repurchased units, including the	
maximum extent, the	
manner of raissue	

manner of reissue,



the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.

Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.

Pledge of Units:-

The Units under the Scheme may be offered as security by way of a pledge / charge in favor of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFC's), or any other body. The AMC/RTA will note and record such Pledged Units. A standard form for this purpose is available on request at all ISCs. The AMC shall mark a lien on the specified units only upon receiving the duly completed form and documents as it may require. Disbursement of such loans will be at the entire discretion of the bank / financial institution / NBFC or any other body concerned and the Mutual Fund assumes no responsibility thereof.

The Pledgor will not be able to redeem/switch Units that are pledged until the entity to which the Units are pledged provides a written authorisation to the Mutual Fund that the pledge / lien/ charge may be removed. As long as Units are pledged, the Pledgee will have complete authority to redeem such Units. IDCW declared on Units under lien will be paid / re-invested to the credit of the Unit Holder and not the lien holder unless specified otherwise in the lien letter.

For units of the Scheme held in electronic (Demat) form, the rules of Depository applicable for pledge will be applicable for Pledge/Assignment of units of the Scheme. Pledgor and Pledgee must have a beneficial account with the Depository. These accounts can be with the same DP or with different DPs.

Lien on Units:-

On an ongoing basis, when existing and new investors make Subscriptions, pending clearance of the payment instrument, a temporary hold (lien) will be created on the Units allotted and such Units shall not be available for redemption/switch out until the payment proceeds are realised by the Fund. In case a Unit holder redeems Units immediately after making subscription for purchase of units, the redemption request for such investor shall be rejected. In case the cheque/draft is dishonored during clearing process by the bank, the transaction will be reversed and the Units allotted there against shall be cancelled under intimation to the applicant. In respect of NRIs, the AMC/RTA shall mark a temporary hold (lien) on the Units, in case the requisite documents (such as FIRC/Account debit letter) have not been submitted along with the application form and before the submission of the redemption request. The AMC reserves the right to change the operational guidelines for temporary lien on Units from time to time.

Suspension of sale of units

With the approval of the Boards of Directors of the Trustee and the Asset Management Company, the sale of Units may be suspended temporarily or indefinitely when any of the following conditions exist:

- 1. The equity / debt market stops functioning or trading is restricted.
- 2. Periods of extreme volatility in the equity / debt market, which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, is prejudicial to the interest of the investors.



- 3. When there is a strike by the banking community or trading is restricted by RBI or other authority.
- 4. Period of extreme volatility in the equity / debt / money market, which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the scheme's investors.
- 5. As and when directed by the Government of India or RBI or SEBI to do so or conditions relating to natural calamity/external aggression/internal disturbances etc. arises, so as to cause volatile movements in the money or debt market, which in the opinion of the AMC, will be prejudicial to the interest of the unitholders, if further trading in the scheme is continued.
- 6. Break down in the information processing/communication systems affecting the valuation of investments/processing of sale/repurchase request.
- 7. Natural calamity.
- 8. SEBI, by order, so directs.
- 9. Trustee views that increasing the Scheme's size further may prove detrimental to the existing/prospective Unitholders of the Scheme.
- 10. Any other circumstances which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the existing/prospective investors.

Right to Limit Redemption:-

The AMC may, under the below mentioned circumstances, impose restriction on redemption (including switch-outs) for a period not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. Such restriction may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:

<u>Liquidity issues</u> - When market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any <u>issuer</u> specific security;

<u>Market failures</u>, <u>exchange closures</u> - When markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies;

<u>Operational issues</u> - When exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out).

However, such restriction would not be applicable to the redemption (including switch-outs) requests received for up to INR 2 Lakhs. In case of redemption (including switch-outs) requests above INR 2 Lakhs, the AMC shall redeem the first INR 2 Lakhs without such restriction and remaining part over and above INR 2 Lakhs shall be subject to such restriction.

Any imposition of restriction on redemption (including switch-outs) of units of the Scheme shall be made applicable only after specific approval of Board of AMC and Trustee and the same shall also be informed to SEBI immediately.

Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches

SUBSCRIPTION/PURCHASE INCLUDING SWITCH-INS:-

a) In respect of valid application received before 3.00 p.m. on a business day and funds for the entire amount of subscription/ purchase as per the



This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme and are available for utilization before the cut-off time, the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable;

- b) In respect of valid application received after 3.00 p.m. on a business day and funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme and are available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next business day, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable;
- c) However, irrespective of the time of receipt of valid application on a given Business day, where the funds are not available for utilisation before the cut off time on the day of the application, the closing NAV of the Business Day on which the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time (3:00 p.m.) shall be applicable.

For determining the availability of funds for utilisation, the funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch-in) as per the application should be credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time and the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the Scheme.

REDEMPTIONS INCLUDING SWITCH-OUTS:

- 1) In respect of valid applications received upto 3 p.m. on a business day by the Mutual Fund, closing NAV of the day of receipt of application, shall be applicable.
- 2) In respect of valid applications received after 3 p.m. on a business day by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.

Switch Transactions

Valid Switch application will be considered for processing on the earliest day which is a Business Day for both the 'Switch out' scheme and the 'Switch in' scheme. Application for 'Switch in' shall be treated as purchase application and the Applicable NAV based on the cut off time for purchase shall be applied. Application for Switch out shall be treated as redemption application, and the Applicable NAV based on the cut off time for redemption shall be applied.

Minimum amount for purchase/redemptio n/switches

Minimum Amount of Purchase/Switch-in –Rs. 5,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.

Minimum Additional Purchase - Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter.

Minimum Redemption Amount/Switch-out: - Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- or account balance whichever is lower.

Note:

• In case the Unitholder specifies the number of Units and amount in the redemption request, the number of Units shall be considered for Redemption.



	In case the Unit helder does not energify the number of Units on emount in
	• In case the Unit holder does not specify the number of Units or amount in the redemption request, the request will be rejected.
	• If the balance Units in the Unitholder's account do not cover the amount specified in the Redemption request, then the Mutual Fund shall repurchase the entire balance of Units in account of the Unitholder.
	In case a Unitholder has purchased Units on multiple days in a single folio, the Units will be redeemed / switched out on a 'First in First Out' (FIFO) basis, i.e., the Units acquired chronologically first / earlier will be redeemed / switched out first, and the Exit Load, if any, applicable to each of the Units would correspond to the period of time the Units were held by the Unitholder.
Accounts Statements	The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).
	A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.
	Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable
	For further details, refer SAI.
Dividend/ IDCW	The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date.
Redemption	The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
	For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds
	For schemes investing atleast 80% of total assets in permissible overseas investments (as per Clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds), the transfer of redemption or repurchase proceeds to the unitholders shall be made within five working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
Bank Mandate	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/request for redemption and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application/request for redemption form failing which applications/request for redemption are liable to be rejected.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds by SEBI for the period of such delay.



Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount The unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts may be deployed by the Mutual Fund in call money market or money market instruments or a separate plan of only Overnight scheme / Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated by Mutual Fund specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts. Provided that such schemes where the unclaimed redemption and dividend amounts are deployed shall be only those Overnight scheme/ Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund schemes which are placed in A-1 cell (Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk) of Potential Risk Class matrix as per paragraph 17.5 of SEBI Master Circular . AMCs shall not be permitted to charge any exit load in this plan and TER (Total Expense Ratio) of such plan shall be capped as per the TER of direct plan of such scheme or at 50bps whichever is lower.

Investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid at the prevailing Net Asset Value. After a period of three years, this amount will be transferred to a pool account and the investors can claim the amount at prevailing NAV at the end of the third year. The income earned on such funds will be used for the purpose of investor education. The AMC will make a continuous effort to remind the investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts. The Fund shall not be liable to pay any interest or compensation on unclaimed amount.

For more details on how to claim the unclaimed redemption/IDCW amount, please refer to the website of the Fund viz. www.pgimindiamf.com.

Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors

Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian. For existing folios, the AMCs shall insist upon a Change of Pay-out Bank mandate before redemption is processed.

Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the minor may hold account with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.

Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account and his/her specimen signature duly authenticated by banker/guardian. Investors shall additionally note that, upon the minor attaining the status of major, the account shall be frozen for operation by the guardian on the day the minor attains the age of majority and no further transactions including standing instructions like SIP / STP / SWP shall be allowed till the documents for changing the status are received.



III. Other Details

A. Periodic Disclosures:

Monthly / Half – yearly Disclosures: Portfolio

This is a list of securities where the corpus of the scheme is currently invested. The market value of these investments is also stated in portfolio disclosures.

The AMC, shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in a user friendly & downloadable spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month/half year for the scheme(s) on its website https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/monthlyportfolio/ / https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/financials and on the website of AMFI www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month/half year.

In case of unitholders whose email addresses are registered with, PGIM India Mutual Fund shall send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month /half year respectively.

The AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMC's website www.pgimindiamf.com. and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). The AMC shall provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio without any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.

For further details, Kindly refer AMC website, SAI and AMFI website.

Half Yearly Results

The Mutual Fund shall within one month of the close of each half year i.e., 31st March and 30th September, upload the soft copy of its unaudited financial results containing the details specified in Regulation 59 on its website (https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/financials) and shall publish an advertisement disclosing uploading of such financial results on its website, in one English newspaper having nationwide circulation and in one regional newspaper circulating in the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated. This shall also be displayed on the website of AMFI. For further details, Kindly refer AMC website, SAI and AMFI website.

Annual Report

The Scheme wise annual report or an abridged summary thereof shall be provided to all Unit holders not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e., 31st March each year). Scheme wise annual report shall be displayed on the website of the AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com) and Association of Mutual Funds in India (www.amfiindia.com).

In case of unitholders whose email addresses are available with the Mutual Fund, the scheme annual reports or abridged summary would be sent only by email. Unitholders whose email addresses are not available with the Mutual Fund will have an option of receiving a physical copy of scheme annual reports or abridged summary by post/courier. The AMC shall provide a physical copy of scheme annual report or abridged summary without charging any cost, upon receipt of a specific request from the unitholders, irrespective of registration of their email addresses. Physical copies of annual report will also be available to unitholders at the registered office at all times. The full annual report shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the Unit holders on request on payment of nominal fees, if any.



	The AMC shall publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on the AMC website(https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/financials) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). For further details, Kindly refer AMC website, SAI and AMFI website.		
Risk-o-meter	Mutual Fund/AMCs shall disclose risk-o-meter of the scheme and benchmark while disclosing the performance of scheme vis-à-vis benchmark and shall send the details of the scheme portfolio while communicating the fortnightly, monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio via email. Any change in risk-o-meter shall be communicated by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an email or SMS to unitholders of that particular scheme. Risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and Mutual Funds/AMCs shall disclose the Risk-o-meter along with portfolio disclosure for all their schemes on the website of the Mutual Fund (www.pgimindiamf.com) and that of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) within 10 days from the close of each month.		
Scheme Summary Document	The AMC has provided on its website a standalone scheme document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme including but not limited to Scheme features, Fund Manager details, investment details, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details, etc. Scheme summary document is uploaded on the websites of AMC, AMFI and stock exchanges in 3 data formats i.e. PDF, Spreadsheet and a machine readable format (either JSON or XML).		

B. Transparency/NAV Disclosure:

The NAV of the Scheme will be calculated and disclosed on all Business Days. The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the AMC (www.pgimindiamf.com) and of the Association of Mutual Funds in India-AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) before 11:00 p.m. on every Business Day.

In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI by the next Business Day. If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following Business day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Investor may write to AMC for availing facility of receiving the latest NAVs through SMS. The AMC shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) in a user friendly & downloadable spreadsheet format, as on the last day of the month/half year for the scheme(s) on its website www.pgimindiamf.com and on the website of AMFI www.amfiindia.com within 10 days from the close of each month/half year.

In case of unitholders whose email addresses are registered with PGIM India Mutual Fund, the AMC shall send via email both the monthly and half yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/half year respectively. The AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the half yearly statement of the schemes portfolio on the AMC's website www.pgimindiamf.com and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com). The AMC shall provide physical copy of the statement of scheme portfolio without any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.



C. Transaction charges and stamp duty:

Transaction charges:

In accordance with paragraph 10.5 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Fund , the AMC/ Fund shall deduct a Transaction Charge on per purchase / subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above, as may be received from new investors (an investor who invests for the first time in any mutual fund schemes) and existing investors.

Investors are requested to note that w.e.f. January 1, 2023, PGIM India has stopped deducting transaction charges for investments in Regular Plans, and consequently no transaction charges shall be deducted from the investment amount for transactions / applications received from the distributor (i.e. in Regular Plan) and full subscription amount will be invested in the Scheme.

Stamp Duty:

Mutual fund units issued against Purchase transactions (whether through lump-sum investments or SIP or STP or switch-ins or reinvestment under IDCW Option) would be subject to levy of stamp duty @ 0.005% of the amount invested. The rate and levy of stamp duty may vary as amended from time to time.

D. Associate Transactions:

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

E. Taxation:

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

	Resident Investors	Mutual Fund
Tax on dividend	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at applicable rate under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (Act)	Taxed in the hands of unitholders at the rate of 20% under section 115A/115AD of the Act (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)
Capital gain Long Term:	10% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) without indexation (Refer Note 5)	10% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) without indexation (Refer Note 5)
Short Term:	15% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)	15% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)

Notes -

- 1. PGIM India Mutual Fund is a Mutual Fund registered with the Securities & Exchange Board of India and hence the entire income of the Mutual Fund will be exempt from income tax in accordance with the provisions of section 10(23D) of the Act.
- 2. Surcharge at the following rate to be levied in case of individual / HUF / non-corporate non-firm unit holders for equity oriented mutual fund:



Income	Individual /HUF /
	non-corporate non-
	firm unit holders
(a) Above Rs 50 lakh upto 1 crore (including dividend income and	10%
capital gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)	
(b) Above Rs 1 crore upto Rs 2 crores (including dividend income	15%
and capital gains income under section 111A and 112A of the Act)	
(c) Above Rs 2 crores upto Rs 5 crores [excluding dividend income	25%
(dividend received from domestic companies only) and capital	
gains income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)	
(d) Above Rs 5 crores [excluding dividend income (dividend	37%*
received from domestic companies only) and capital gains	
income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)	
(e) Above Rs 2 crores [including dividend income (dividend	15%
received from domestic companies only) and capital gains	
income under section 111A, 112 and 112A of the Act)] but not	
covered in point (c) and (d) above	

^{*}Surcharge rate shall not exceed 25% in case of individual and HUF opting for new tax regime under section 115BAC of the Act.

3. Surcharge rates for Companies/ firm

Total Income	Rate of Surcharge for Domestic companies*	Rate of Surcharge for Foreign Companies
Above Rs 1 crore upto Rs	7%	2%
10 crores		
Above Rs 10 crores	12%	5%

^{*}Surcharge rate shall be 10% in case resident companies opting taxation under section 115BAA and section 115BAB of the Act on any income earned.

In case of firm with total income exceeding Rs 1 crore, surcharge rate shall be 12%.

- 4. Health and Education cess at 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.
- 5. As per section 112A of the Act, long-term capital gains, exceeding Rs 1,00,000, arising from transfer of equity oriented mutual funds, shall be chargeable at the rate of 10% (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess).
- 6. The Scheme will attract securities transaction tax (STT) at 0.001% on the redemption value.
- 7. Withholding of Taxation by Mutual Fund will as per applicable withholding tax rate.
- 8. All the above non-resident investors may also claim the tax treaty benefits available, if any.

F. Rights of Unitholders:

Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information for details.

G. List of official points of acceptance:

For the list of official point of acceptance, please refer the link: https://www.pgimindiamf.com/reach-us.



H. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations For Which Action May Have Been Taken Or Is In The Process Of Being Taken By Any Regulatory Authority

- 1. Penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor during the last three years in the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor is situated:- *None*
- 2. Monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken against Indian Sponsor (if any) during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law including details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years:- *None*
- 3. Details of violations and enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party:-
- SEBI vide it's Final Order dated February 11, 2022, levied a penalty of R. 6 lakhs on Dr. V.R. Narasimhan for an alleged violation of Securities Contracts (Regulations) (Stock Exchanges and Clearing Corporations) Regulations, 2012 relating to the period when he was Chief Regulatory Officer and Compliance Officer at NSE during 2016. Dr. Narasimhan has appealed the Final Order.
- SEBI conducted a thematic inspection of PGIM India Mutual Fund for the period from August 1, 2018 to February 28, 2019. SEBI had issued a Show Cause Notice on April 13, 2022 to PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited and certain officials and ex-officials with allegations relating to Inter Scheme Transfers and Valuation of Downgraded Securities. The AMC and other noticees replied to the Show Cause Notice and availed of a personal hearing, after which, SEBI has issued an Order dated June 30, 2022 imposing a penalty of Rs. 25,00,000/- on the AMC; Rs. 5,00,000/- on the Chief Executive Officer; and Rs. 2,00,000/- each on the Head of Fixed Income and two ex-officials. The AMC has filed an appeal before the Securities Appellate Tribunal against the SEBI order dated June 30, 2022 to the extent of the findings and penalty imposed by SEBI. The SAT bench had passed a stay order on the impugned order, subject to deposit of 50% of the penalty imposed upon the Appellants. Accordingly, the Appellants have paid an amount of INR 18 lakhs on September 13, 2022.
- 4. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party:-*None*
- 5. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company requiring disclosure here by SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency:- *None*

The above information has been disclosed in good faith as per the information available to the AMC.

Please refer the below link for latest updates on Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations



https://www.pgimindiamf.com/statutory-disclosure/sid-kim-sai-related-disclosures

The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Board of Directors of PGIM India Trustees Private Limited (Trustees to PGIM India Mutual Fund) on April 30, 2024. The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme approved is a new product offered by PGIM India Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of its existing schemes.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

For PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited (Asset Management Company to PGIM India Mutual Fund)

Sd/-Ajit Menon Chief Executive Officer

Place: Mumbai

Date: October 11, 2024

LIST OF DESIGNATED COLLECTION CENTERS

PGIM INDIA ASSET MANAGEMENT PVT. LTD.

List Of Collection Centers:

Ahmedebad: Unit No. 705 – 706, 7th Floor, Sun Square, C.G. Road, Ahmedabad 380006. Bangalore: S- 113 & 114, First Floor, South Block, Manipal Centre, 47, Dicksenson Road, Bangalore 560042. Baroda: Ground Floor, Unit no. 11, Sidharath Complex, R.C. Dutt, Alkapuri, Baroda 390007. Borivali: 204, 2nd Floor, Jalaram Business Centre, Ganjawala Lane, Near Chamunda Circle, Borivali (W), Mumbai 400092. Chandigarh: SCO-2475- 2476, 2nd Floor, Sector - 22 C, Chandigarh 160022. Chennai: 1D, Century Plaza, 560/561 - Anna Salai, Teynampet, Chennai 600018. Cochin: Door 63/4868K, 3rd Floor, VX Arcade, Kaloor-Kadavanthra Road, Cochin, 682 035. Coimbotore: 1st Floor, Annam Tower, Father Randy Street, R.S. Puram, Coimbatore 641002. Durgapur: 2/12 Suhatta Mall, Sahid Khudiram Sarani, Paschim Burdwan, Durgapur 713213. Guwahati: Ground Floor, Ganpati Enclave, G. S. Road, Ulubari, Guwahati 781007. Hyderabad: Unit No 501, 5th Floor, Dega Towers, Rajbhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad 500082. Indore: 210, D. M. Tower 21/1, Race Course Road, Near Janjeerwala Square, Indore, Madhya Pradesh, 452001. Jaipur: 1st Floor, Axis Mall, C Scheme, Bhagwandas Road, Jaipur 302001. Jamshedpur: 1st Floor, Dhiren Tower, Beside South Park Hotel, Q Road Bistupur, Jamshedpur-831001 Kanpur: 307/308, 3rd Floor, KAN Chamber ,14/113, Civil Lines, Near Green Park Stadium Kanpur,208001. Kolkata: Trinity, 5th Floor, Unit -5F, 226/1 AJC Bose Road, Kolkata 700020. Lucknow: G-101, SKI Heights, Park Road, Hazaratgani, Lucknow 226001. Mumbai: 4th Floor, C Wing, Laxmi Towers, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400051. Nagpur: Unit no. 101, Fortune Business Centre, "Vasant Vihar Complex", Plot No. 6, W.H.C. Road, Shankar Nagar, Nagpur 440010. Nasik: Bedmutha's Navkar Heights, Office 1, Sharanpur Road, New Pandit Colony, Nashik 422002. New Delhi: 410, 4th Floor, Surya Kiran Building, 19, K.G. Marg, Connaught Place, New Delhi 110001. Panaji: Neelkamal Arcade, Cabin No.CL-1, 1st Floor, Advani Business Centre, Dr. Atmaram Borkar Road, Panaji, Goa 403001. Patna: 401, 4th Floor, Hari Niwas Complex, Dak Bunglow Road, Patna 800001. Pune: 201, 2nd Floor, A-One Capital, 1206 / B, Apte Road, Shivaji Nagar, Pune 411004. Rajkot: Office No. 307, 3rd Floor, Star Plaza. Phulchhab Chowk, Besides Circuit House, Rajkot 360001. Surat: HG-8, International Trade Center, Majuragate, Surat 395001. Thane: Ground Floor, Shop No - 07, Konark Tower, Ghantali Road, Naupada, Thane (W) - 400602

INVESTOR SERVICE CENTRE AND OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE

Agartala: OLS RMS Chowmuhani, Mantri Bari Road, 1st Floor, Near Traffic Point, Tripura West, Agartala 799001. Agra: House No. 17/2/4, 2nd Floor, Deepak Wasan Plaza, Behind Hotel Holiday INN, Sanjay Place, Agra 282002. Ahmedabad: Office No. 401, On 4th Floor, ABC-I, Off. C.G. Road, Ahmedabad 380009. Ahmednagar: Shop no. 2, Plot No. 17, S.no 322, Near Ganesh Colony, Savedi, Ahmednagar - 414001. Ajmer: 302, 3rd Floor, Ajmer Auto Building, Opposite City Power House, Jaipur Road, Ajmer 305001. Akola: Shop No 25, Ground Floor Yamuna tarang complex, Murtizapur Road N.H. No-6, Opp Radhakrishna Talkies, Akola 444001. Aligarh: 1st Floor Sevti Complex, Near Jain Temple, Samad Road, Aligarh-202001. Allahabad: Meena Bazar, 2nd Floor, 10 S.P. Marg Civil Lines, Subhash Chauraha, Prayagraj, Allahabad 211001. Alwar: Office Number 137, First Floor, Jai Complex, Road No-2, Alwar 301001. Amaravathi: Shop No. 21, 2nd Floor, Gulshan Tower, Near Panchsheel Talkies, Jaistambh Square, Amaravathi 444601. Ambala: 6349, 2nd Floor, Nicholson Road, Adjacent KOS Hospitalambala Cant, Ambala 133001. Amritsar: SCO 5, 2nd Floor, District Shopping Complex, Ranjit Avenue, Amritsar 143001. **Anand:** B-42 Vaibhav Commercial Center, Nr TVS Down Town Shrow Room, Grid Char Rasta, Anand 380001. Ananthapur: #13/4, Vishnupriya Complex, Beside SBI Bank, Near Tower Clock, Ananthapur 515001. Andheri: Office No 103, 1st Floor, MTR Cabin-1, Vertex, Navkar Complex M.V. Road, Andheri East, Opp Andheri Court, Mumbai - 400069. Asansol: 112/N G. T. Road, Bhanga Pachil, G.T Road, Paschim Bardhaman West Bengal, Asansol 713303. Aurangabad: Shop No B 38, Motiwala Trade Center, Nirala Bazar, Aurangabad 431001. Azamgarh: Shop no. 18 Gr. Floor, Nagarpalika, Infront of Tresery office, Azamgarh, UP-276001. Balasore: 1-B. 1st Floor, Kalinga Hotel Lane, Baleshwar, Baleshwar Sadar, Balasore 756001. Bangalore: No 35, Puttanna Road, Basavanagudi, Bangalore 560004. Bankura: Plot Nos. 80/1/Anatunchati Mahalla, 3rd Floor, Ward No-24, Opposite P.C Chandra, Bankura Town, Bankura 722101. **Bareilly:** 1st Floor, Rear Side, A -Square Building, 54-Civil Lines, Ayub Khan Chauraha, Bareilly 243001. Baroda: 1st Floor 125 Kanha Capital, Opp. Express Hotel, R C Dutt Road, Alkapuri Baroda 390007. Begusarai: Sri Ram Market, Kali Asthan Chowk, Matihani Road, Begusarai, Bihar - 851101. Belgaum: Premises No.101, CTS NO.1893, Shree Guru Darshani Tower, Anandwadi, Hindwadi, Belgaum 590011. Bellary: Ground Floor 3Rd Office Near Womens College Road Beside Amruth Diagnostic Shanthi Archade Bellary 583103. Berhampur (OR): Opp Divya Nandan Kalyan Mandap, 3rd Lane Dharam Nagar, Near Lohiya Motor, Berhampur (Or) 760001. Bhagalpur: 2nd Floor, Chandralok Complex, Ghantaghar, Radha Rani Sinha Road, Bhagalpur 812001. Bharuch: 123 Nexus Business Hub, Near Gangotri Hotel, B/s Rajeshwari Petroleum, Makampur Road, Bharuch 392001. Bhatinda: MCB -Z-3-01043, 2 Floor, Goniana Road, Opporite Nippon India MF, GT Road, Near Hanuman Chowk, Bhatinda 151001. Bhavnagar: 303 Sterling Point, Waghawadi Road, Bhavnagar 364001. Bhilai: Office No.2, 1st Floor, Plot No. 9/6, Nehru Nagar [East], Bhilai 490020. Bhilwara: Office No. 14 B, Prem Bhawan, Pur Road, Gandhi Nagar, Near Canara Bank, Bhilwara 311001. Bhopal: Sf-13 Gurukripa Plaza, Plot No. 48A, Opposite City Hospital, Zone-2, M P Nagar, Bhopal 462011. **Bhubaneswar:** A/181,

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Back Side Of Shivam Honda Show Room, Saheed Nagar, Bhubaneswar 751007, Bikaner: H.No. 10, Himtasar
House, Museum circle, Civil line, Bikaner, Rajasthan - 334001. Bilaspur: Shop. No.306, 3rd Floor, Anandam Plaza, Vyapar
Vihar Main Road, Bilaspur 495001. Bokaro: City Centre, Plot No. HE-07, Sector-IV, Bokaro Steel City, Bokaro 827004.
Borivali: Gomati Smuti, Ground Floor, Jambli Gully, Near Railway Station, Borivali, Mumbai 400092. Burdwan: Saluja
Complex; 846, Laxmipur, G T Road, Burdwan; Ps: Burdwan & Dist: Burdwan-East, Pin: 713101. Calicut: Second Floor,
Manimuriyil Centre, Bank Road, Kasaba Village, Calicut 673001. Chandigarh: First Floor, SCO 2469-70, Sec. 22-C,
Chandigarh 160022. Chennai: 9Th Floor, Capital Towers, 180 Kodambakkam High Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai – 600
034. Chinsura: No. 96, PO: Chinsurah, Doctors Lane, Chinsurah 712101. Cochin: Door No:61/2784, Second floor,
Sreelakshmi Tower, Chittoor Road, Ravipuram, Ernakulam-Kerala-682015. Coimbatore: 3rd Floor, Jaya Enclave, 1057
Avinashi Road, Coimbatore 641018. Cuttack: Shop No-45, 2nd Floor, Netaji Subas Bose Arcade, (Big Bazar Building)
Adjusent To Reliance Trends, Dargha Bazar, Cuttack 753001. Darbhanga: H No-185, Ward No-13, National Statistical
office Campus, Kathalbari, Bhandar Chowk, Darbhanga, Bihar - 846004. Davangere: D.No 162/6, 1st Floor, 3rd Main, P.J.
Extension, Davangere Taluk, Davangere Manda, Davangere 577002. Dehradun: Shop No-809/799, Street No-2 A, Rajendra
Nagar ,Near Sheesha Lounge ,Kaulagarh Road ,Dehradun-248001. Deoria: K. K. Plaza, Above Apurwa Sweets, Civil Lines
Road, Deoria 274001. Dhanbad: 208 New Market, 2nd Floor, Bank More, Dhanbad 826001. Dhule: Ground Floor, Ideal
Laundry Lane No 4, Khol Galli, Near Muthoot Finance, Opp Bhavasar General Store, Dhule 424001. Durgapur: MWAV-
16, Bengal Ambuja, 2nd Floor, City Centre, Distt. Burdwan, Durgapur-16, Durgapur 713216. Eluru: DNo-23A-7-72/73K,
K S Plaza, Munukutla Vari Street, Opp Andhra Hospitals, R R Peta, Eluru 534002. Erode: No 38/1, Ground Floor, Sathy
Road, (VCTV Main Road), Sorna Krishna Complex, Erode 638003. Faridabad: A-2B, 2nd Floor, Neelam Bata Road Peer
ki Mazar, Nehru Groundnit, Faridabad 121001. Ferozpur: The Mall Road, Chawla Bulding, 1st Floor, Opp. Centrail Jail,
Near Hanuman Mandir, Ferozepur 152002. Gandhidham: Shop # 12, Shree Ambica Arcade, Plot # 300, Ward 12, Opp. CG
High School, Near HDFC Bank, Gandhidham 370201. Gandhinagar: 138 - Suyesh solitaire, Nr. Podar International School,
Kudasan, Gandhinagar-382421 Gaya: Property No. 711045129, Ground Floor, Hotel Skylark, Swaraipuri Road, Gaya
823001. Ghatkopar: 11/Platinum Mall, Jawahar Road, Ghatkopar (East), Mumbai 400077. Ghaziabad: FF - 31, Konark
Building, Rajnagar, Ghaziabad 201001. Ghazipur: House No. 148/19, Mahua Bagh, Raini Katra, Ghazipur 233001. Gonda:
H No 782, Shiv Sadan, ITI Road, Near Raghukul Vidyapeeth, Civil lines, Gonda 271001. Gorakhpur: Shop No 8 & 9,4Th
Floor, Cross Road The Mall Bank Road, Gorakhpur - 273001. Gulbarga: H No 2-231, Krishna Complex, 2nd Floor, Opp.
Municipal Corporation Office, Jagat, Station Main Road, Kalaburagi, Gulbarga 585105. Guntur: 2nd Shatter, 1st Floor,
Hno. 6-14-48, 14/2 Lane, Arundal Pet, Guntur 522002. Gurgaon: No: 212A, 2nd Floor, Vipul Agora, M. G. Road, Gurgaon
122001. Guwahati: Ganapati Enclave, 4th Floor, Opposite Bora service, Ullubari, Guwahati, Assam 781007. Gwalior: City
Centre, Near Axis Bank, Gwalior 474011. Haldwani: Shoop No 5, KMVN Shoping Complex, Haldwani 263139. Haridwar:
Shop No. 17, Bhatia Complex, Near Jamuna Palace, Haridwar 249410. Hassan: SAS No. 490, Hemadri Arcade, 2nd Main
Road, Salgame Road, Near Brahmins Boys Hostel, Hassan 573201. Hissar: Shop No. 20, Ground Floor, R D City Centre,
Railway Road, Hissar 125001. Hoshiarpur: Unit # SF-6, The Mall Complex, 2nd Floor, Opposite Kapila Hospital, Sutheri
Road, Hoshiarpur 146001. Hosur: No.2/3-4. Sri Venkateswara Layout, Denkanikottai road, Dinnur Hosur - 635109. Hubli:
R R Mahalaxmi Mansion, Above Indusind Bank, 2nd Floor, Desai Cross, Pinto Road, Hubballi 580029. Secunderabad: JBS
Station, Lower Concourse 1 (2nd floor), situated in Jubilee Bus Metro Station, Secunderabad 500009
. Hyderabad (Gachibowli): Selenium Plot No: 31 & 32, Tower B, Survey No.115/22 115/24 115/25, Financial District
Gachibowli, Nanakramguda, Serilimgampally Mandal, Hyderabad 500032, Indore: 101, Diamond Trade Centre, -4 Diamond
Colony, New Palasia, Above Khurana Bakery, Indore 452001. Jabalpur: 2nd Floor, 290/1 (615-New), Near Bhavartal Garden,
Jabalpur 482001. Jaipur: Office No 101, 1st Floor, Okay Plus Tower, Next to Kalyan Jewellers, Government Hostel Circle,
Ajmer Road, Jaipur 302001. Jalandhar: Office No 7, 3rd Floor, City Square Building, E-H197, Civil Line, Next to Kalyan
Jewellers, Jalandhar 144001. Jalgaon: 3rd Floor, 269 Jaee Plaza, Baliram Peth, Near Kishore Agencies, Jalgaon 425001.
Jalpaiguri: D B C Road, Opp Nirala Hotel, Jalpaiguri 735101. Jammu: 1D/D Extension 2, Valmiki Chowk, Gandhi Nagar,
Jammu 180004. Jamnagar: 131 Madhay Plazza, Opp SBI Bank, Nr Lal Bunglow, Jamnagar 361008. Jamshedpur:
Madhukunj, 3rd Floor, Q Road, Sakchi, Bistupur, East Singhbhum, Jamshedpur 831001 Jhansi: 1st Floor, Puja Tower, Near
48 Chambers, ELITE Crossing, Jhansi 284001. Jodhpur: Shop No. 6, Gang Tower, G Floor, Opposite Arora Moter Service
Centre, Near Bombay Moter Circle, Jodhpur 342003. Junagadh: Shop No. 201, 2nd Floor, V-Arcade Complex, Near
Vanzari Chowk, M.G.Road, Junagadh-362001. Kalyan: Seasons Business Centre, 104 / 1st Floor, Shivaji Chowk, Opposite
KDMC (Kalyan Dombivali Mahanagar Corporation) Kalyan - 421301. Kalyani: Ground Floor, H No B-7/27S, Kalyani,
Kalyani HO, Nadia, West Bengal – 741235. Kannur: 2nd Floor, Global Village, Bank Road, Kannur 670001. Kannur:
15/46 B Ground Floor, Opp. Muir Mills, Civil Lines, Kanpur 208001. Karimnagar: 2nd Shutter, HNo. 7-2-607, Sri Matha,
Complex Mankammathota, Karimnagar 505001. Karnal: 3 Randhir Colony, Near Doctor J.C.Bathla
Hospital, Karnal (Haryana) 132001. Karur: No 88/11, BB Plaza, NRMP Street, K S Mess Back Side, Karur 639002.
Kharagpur: Holding No 254/220, SBI Building, Malancha Road, Ward No.16, PO: Kharagpur, PS: Kharagpur, Dist:
Paschim Medinipur, Kharagpur 721304. Kolhapur: 605/1/4 E Ward, Shahupuri, 2nd Lane, Laxmi Niwas, Near Sultane
Chambers, Kolhapur 416001. Kolkata: 2/1, Russel Street, 4thFloor, Kankaria, Centre, Kolkata 70001, WB. Kollam: Sree
Vigneswara Bhavan, Shastri Junction, Kollam - 691001. Korba: Office No.202, 2nd floor, ICRC, QUBE, 97, T.P. Nagar,
Korba -495677. Kota: D-8, Shri Ram Complex, Opposite Multi Purpose School, Gumanpur, Kota 324007. Kottayam: 1st
Floor, Csiascension Square, Railway Station Road, Collectorate P O, Kottayam 686002. Kurnool: Shop No:47, 2nd Floor, S
komda Shoping Mall, Kurnool 518001. Lucknow: 1st Floor, A. A. Complex, 5 Park Road, Hazratganj, Thaper House,
Lucknow 226001. Ludhiana: SCO 122, Second Floor, Above HDFC Mutual Fun, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana 141001.
Madurai: No. G-16/17, AR Plaza, 1st Floor, North Veli Street, Madurai 625001. Malda: Ram Krishna Pally, Ground Floor,
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English Bazar, Malda 732101. Mandi: House No. 99/11. 3rd Floor, Opposite GSS Boy School, School Bazar, Mandi 175001.
Mangalore: Shop No. 305, Marian Paradise Plaza, 3rd Floor, Bunts Hostel Road, Mangalore 575003. Margao: Shop no 21,
Osia Mall, 1st Floor, Near KTC Bus Stand, SGDPA Market complex, Margao 403601. Mathura: Shop No. 9, Ground Floor,
Vihari Lal Plaza, Opposite Brijwasi Centrum, Near New Bus Stand, Mathura 281001. Meerut: Shop No:- 111,
First Floor, Shivam Plaza, Near Canara Bank, Opposite Eves Petrol Pump, Meerut-25001, Uttar Pradesh. Mehsana: FF-21
Someshwar Shopping Mall, Modhera Char Rasta, Mehsana 384002. Mirzapur: Second Floor Triveni Campus, Ratanganj,
Mirzapur -231001. Moga: 1st Floor, Dutt Road, Mandir Wali Gali, Civil Lines Barat Ghar, Moga 142001. Moradabad:
Chadha Complex, G. M. D. Road, Near Tadi Khana Chowk, Moradabad 244001. Morena: House No. HIG 959, Near Court,
Front of Dr. Lal Lab, Old Housing Board Colony, Morena 476001. Mumbai: 6/8 Ground Floor, Crossley House, Near BSE
(Bombay Stock Exchange) Next Union Bank, Fort, Mumbai 400001. Muzaffarpur: First Floor, Saroj Complex, Diwam
Road, Near Kalyani Chowk, Muzaffarpur 842001. Mysore: No 2924, 2nd Floor, 1st Main, 5th Cross, Saraswathi Puram,
Mysore 570009. Nadiad: 311, 3rd Floor, City Center, Near Paras Circle, Nadiad 387001. Nagerkoil: HNO 45,1st Floor, East
Car Street, Nagercoil 629001. Nagpur: Plot No. 2, Block No. B / 1 & 2, Shree Apratment, Khare Town, Mata Mandir Road,
Dharampeth, Nagpur 440010. Nanded: Shop No.4, Santakripa Market, G G Road, Opp. Bank Of India, Nanded 431601.
Nasik: S-9 Second Floor, Suyojit Sankul, Sharanpur Road, Nasik 422002. Navsari: 103, 1st Floor, Landmark Mall, Near
Sayaji Library, Navsari Gujarat, Navsari 396445. Nellore: 24-6-326/1, Ibaco Building 4th Floor, Grand Truck road, Beside
Hotel Minerva, Saraswathi Nagar, Dargamitta Nellore - 524003. New Delhi: 305 New Delhi House, 27 Barakhamba Road,
New Delhi 110001. Noida: F-21, 2nd Floor, Near Kalyan Jewelers, Sector-18, Noida 201301. Palghat: No: 20 & 21, Metro
Complex H.P.O.Road, Palakkad-678001. Panipat: Shop No. 20, 1st Floor, BMK, Market, Behind HIVE Hotel, G.T.Road,
Panipat 132103, Harvana. Panim: H. No. T-9, T-10, Affran Plaza, 3rd Floor, Near Don Bosco High School, Panim 403001.
Pathankot: 2nd Floor, Sahni Arcade Complex, Adj. Indra Colony Gate, Railway Road, Pathankot, Pathankot 145001.
Patiala: B-17/423, Lower Mall Patiala, Opp Modi College, Patiala 147001. Patna: Flat No.-102, 2BHK Maa Bhawani
Shardalay, Exhibition Road, Patna-800001. Pondicherry: No 122(10B), Muthumariamman Koil Street, Pondicherry
605001. Pune: Office # 207-210, Second Floor, Kamla Arcade, JM Road, Opposite Balgandharva, Shivaji Nagar, Pune
411005. Raipur: Office No S-13, Second Floor, Reheja Tower, Fafadih Chowk, Jail Road, Raipur 492001. Rajahmundry:
D.No: 6-7-7, Sri Venkata Satya Nilayam, 1st Floor, Vadrevu vari Veedhi, T - Nagar, Rajahmundry - 533101, Andhra Pradesh.
Rajkot: 302 Metro Plaza, Near Moti Tanki Chowk, Rajkot, Rajkot Gujarat 360001. Ranchi: Room no 103, 1st Floor,
Commerce Tower, Beside Mahabir Tower, Main Road, Ranchi -834001. Ratlam: 106 Rajaswa Colony, Near Sailana Bus
Stand, Ratlam (M.P.) 457001. Renukoot: C/o Mallick Medical Store, Bangali Katra Main Road, Dist. Sonebhadra (U.P.),
Renukoot 231217. Rewa: Shop No. 2, Shree Sai Anmol Complex, Ground Floor, Opp Teerth Memorial Hospital, Rewa
486001. Rohtak: Office No. 61, First Floor, Ashoka, Plaza, Delhi Road, Rohtak 124001. Roorkee: Near Shri Dwarkadhish
Dharm Shala, Ramnagar, Roorkee-247667. Rourkela: 2nd Floor, Main Road, Udit Nagar, Sundargarh, Rourekla 769012.
Sagar: 2nd Floor, Above Shiva Kanch Mandir, 5 Civil Lines, Sagar, Sagar 470002. Madhya Pradesh. Saharanpur: Ist Floor,
Krishna Complex, Opp. Hathi Gate, Court Road, Saharanpur, Uttar Pradesh, Pincode 247001, Salem: No.6 NS Complex,
Omalur Main Road, Salem 636009. Sambalpur: First Floor, Shop No. 219, Sahej Plaza, Golebazar, Sambalpur, Sambalpur
768001. Satara: G7, 465 A, Govind Park Satar Bazaar, Satara - 415001. Satna: 1St Floor, Gopal Complex, Near Bus
Stand ,Rewa Roa ,Satna - 485001. Shillong: Annex Mani Bhawan, Lower Thana Road, Near R K M LP School, Shillong
793001. Shimla: 1st Floor, Hills View Complex, Near Tara Hall, Shimla 171001. Shimoga: Jayarama Nilaya, 2nd Corss,
Mission Compound, Shimoga 577201. Shivpuri: A. B. Road, In Front of Sawarkar Park, Near Hotel Vanasthali, Shivpuri
473551. Sikar: First Floor, Super Tower, Behind Ram Mandir, Near Taparya Bagichi, Sikar 332001. Silchar: N.N. Dutta
Road, Chowchakra Complex, Premtala, Silchar 788001. Siliguri: Nanak Complex, 2nd Floor, Sevoke Road, Siliguri 734001.
Sitapur: 12/12 Surya Complex, Station Road, Uttar Pradesh, Sitapur 261001. Solan: Disha Complex, 1st Floor, Above Axis
Bank, Rajgarh Road, Solan 173212. Solapur: Shop No 106. Krishna complex 477, Dakshin Kasaba, Datta Chowk, Solapur
413007. Sonepat: Shop No. 205, Pp Tower, Opp Income Tax Office Subhash Chowk, Sonepat -131001. Sri Ganganagar:
Address Shop No. 5, Opposite Bihani Petrol Pump, NH - 15, Near Baba Ramdev Mandir, Sri Ganganagar 335001.
Srikakulam: D No 158, Shop No # 3, Kaki Street, Opp Tulasi Das Hospital, CB Road, Srikakulam Andhra Pradesh -
532001. Sultanpur: 1st Floor, Ramashanker Market, Civil Line, Sultanpur 228001. Surat: Ground Floor, Empire State
Building, Near Udhna Darwaja Ring Road, Surat -395002. Thane: Room No. 302, 3rd Floor, Ganga Prasad, Near RBL Bank
Ltd, Ram Maruti Cross Road, Naupada, Thane West, Mumbai 400602. Tinsukia: 3rd Floor, Chirwapatty Road, Tinsukia-
786125, Assam. Tirunelveli: 55/18 Jeney Building, S N Road, Near Aravind Eye Hospital, Tirunelveli 627001. Tirupathi:
Shop No. 18-1-421/F1, City Center, K.T.Road, Airtel Backside Office, Tirupathi 517501. Tiruvalla: 2nd Floor, Erinjery
Complex, Ramanchira, Opp Axis Bank, Thiruvalla 689107, Trichur: 4th Floor, Crown Tower, Shakthan Nagar, Opp. Head
Post Office, Thrissur 680001. Trichy: No 23C/1, E V R Road, Near Vekkaliamman Kalyana Mandapam, Putthur, Trichy
620017. Trivandrum: 3rdfloor, No- 3B Tc-82/3417, Capitol Center, Opp Secretariat, Mg Road, Trivandrum- 695001.
Tuticorin: 4 - B A34 - A37, Mangalmal Mani Nagar, Opp. Rajaji Park, Palayamkottai Road, Tuticorin 628003. Udaipur:
Shop No. 202, 2nd Floor, Business Centre, 1C Madhuvan, Opp GP O Chetak Circle, Udaipur 313001. Ujjain: Heritage
Shop No. 227, 87 Vishvavidhyalaya Marg, Station Road, Near ICICI Bank, Above Vishal Megha Mart, Ujjain 456001.
Valsad: 406 Dreamland Arcade, Opp Jade Blue, Tithal Road, Valsad 396001. Vapi: A-8, Second Floor, Solitaire Business
Centre, Opp Dcb Bank, Gidc Char Rasta, Silvassa Road, Vapi 396191. Varanasi: D.64 / 52, G – 4 Arihant Complex,
Second Floor, Madhopur, Shivpurva Sigra, Near Petrol Pump Varanasi -221010. Vashi: Haware Infotech Park, 902, 9th
Floor, Plot No 39/03, Sector 30A Opp Inorbit Mall, Vashi Navi Mumbai 400703 Vellore: No 2/19, 1st Floor, Vellore City
Centre, Anna Salai, Vellore 632001. Vijayawada: HNo26-23, 1st Floor, Sundarammastreet, GandhiNagar, Krishna,
Vijayawada 520010. Visakhapatnam: Dno: 48-10-40, Ground Floor, Surya Ratna Arcade, Srinagar, Opp Road to Lalitha
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Jeweller Showroom, Beside Taj Hotel Ladge, Visakhapatnam 530016. **Warangal:** Shop No 22, Ground Floor, Warangal City Center, 15-1-237, Mulugu Road Junction, Warangal 506002. **Yamuna Nagar:** B-V, 185/A, 2nd Floor, Jagadri Road, Near DAV Girls College, (UCO Bank Building) Pyara Chowk, Yamuna Nagar 135001.

Collecting Bankers Details:

Standard Chartered Bank

Registered Address: - 90 M. G. Road, Mumbai - 400 001

SEBI registration No. INBI00000885

HDFC Bank Limited

Registered Address:- HDFC Bank House, Senapati Bapat Marg,

Lower Parel (W), Mumbai - 400 013

SEBI Registration Number - INBI00000063

The AMC reserves the right to change / modify the list of Collection Bankers. During the New Fund Offer of the Schemes, the AMC shall appoint additional Collection Bankers to accept the applications for investment in the Schemes. The list of the Collection Bankers will be disclosed in the Scheme Information Document and also Key Information Memorandum and the website of the Mutual Fund, as and when the schemes are launched.

If Undelivered Please return to:

PGIM India Asset Management Private Limited

4th Floor, C Wing, Laxmi Towers, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051. Tel. +91-22-61593000 • Fax +91-22-61593100